

KANISHK STEEL INDUSTRIES LIMITED

Quality in Every Inch



35th Annual Report
2024-2025



KANISHK STEEL INDUSTRIES LIMITED

CIN:L27109TN1995PLC067863

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Mr. Vishal Keyal	Chairman & Managing Director
Mr. Ashok Bohra	Whole-time Director & Chief Financial Officer
Mr. Munuswamy Sathiamoorthy	Director
Mr. R. Ramesh	Director
Mr. Seshadari M. Nagarajan	Director
Ms. Manju Meenakshi	Director

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Hena Singh

REGISTERED OFFICE & FACTORY

B27(M) SIPCOT Industrial Complex
Gummidipoondi
Thiruvallur District
Tamilnadu - 602 201

BANKER

HDFC Bank
R.K. Salai Branch
Mylapore,
Chennai - 600 004.

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE

Old No.4, New No.7
Thiru-Vi-Ka 3rd Street
Royapettah High Road,
Mylapore
Chennai - 600 04
Website : www.kanishksteels.in

SHARE TRANSFER AGENT

Cameo Corporate Services Limited
No.1, Club House Road
Chennai - 600 002

STATUTORY AUDITORS

Chaturvedi & Partners
14, GA, Padmanabhan Street,
T.Nagar, Chennai - 17.

COST AUDITORS

M/s. Vivekanandan & Unni Associates
Cost Accountants
Chennai

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NOTICE TO MEMBERS

NOTICE is hereby given that the **THIRTY-FIFTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING** of **KANISHK STEEL INDUSTRIES LIMITED** will be held on Tuesday, 30th September 2025 at 3.00 P.M. through Video Conferencing (“VC”)/ Other Audio-Visual Means (“OAVM”) to transact the following businesses.

[The venue of the meeting shall be deemed to be the Registered Office of the Company situated at B27 (M), SIPCOT Industrial Complex, Gummidipoondi, Thiruvallur District, Tamil Nadu-601201.]

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

1. Adoption of Financial Statements

To receive, consider and adopt the financial statements of the Company for the financial year ended 31st March 2025 and the reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors thereon.

2. Re-appointment of retiring Director

To appoint a director in the place of Mr. Ahok Bohra (DIN: 00187115) who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.

SPECIAL BUSINESS:

3. Reappointment of Mr. Seshadari M Nagarajan (DIN: 00483662) as Non Executive Non Independent Director

To consider and, if thought fit, pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Sections 149, 152, and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”) and the Rules made thereunder and Regulation 17 and other applicable provisions of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof for the time being in force), consent of the members be and is hereby accorded for the re-appointment of Mr. Seshadari M Nagarajan (DIN: 00483662) as Non Executive Non Independent Director of the Company, liable to retire by rotation, for a term commencing from the conclusion of this 35th Annual General Meeting up to the conclusion of the 40th Annual General Meeting of the Company.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors of the Company (including any Committee thereof) be and is hereby authorized to do all such acts, deeds, matters, and things as may be necessary, proper, or expedient to give effect to this resolution.”

4. Appointment of Secretarial Auditors of the Company

To consider and if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

“RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 [including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof for the time being in force] and pursuant to Regulation 24A and any other applicable provisions of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended from time to time, and based on the recommendation(s) of the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors, M K Madhavan & Associates, Practising Company Secretaries (Firm Registration No. S2017TN468400), be and are hereby appointed as the Secretarial Auditors of the Company, for a term of five (5) consecutive years with effect from Financial Year 2025-26 to Financial Year 2029-30, at such remuneration plus applicable taxes and out-of-pocket expenses, as mutually agreed between the Board of Directors of the Company and the Secretarial Auditors.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors of the Company (including its Committee thereof) be and is hereby authorised to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things as may be necessary, expedient and desirable for the purpose of giving effect to this resolution.”

5. Approval of remuneration to Cost Auditor

To consider and, if thought fit, pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

“RESOLVED that, pursuant to Section 148 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules made thereunder (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force), the remuneration of ₹70,000/- (Rupees Seventy Thousand only) payable to M/s. Vivekanandan & Unni Associates, Cost Accountants (Firm Registration No: 00085), to audit the cost records of the Company for the financial years 2024-25 and 2025-26, be and are hereby approved.”

(By the Order of the Board)
For **Kanishk Steel Industries Limited**

Date : 05-09-2025
Place : Chennai

Vishal Keyal
Chairman and Managing Director
DIN:00092651



Statement containing required information pursuant to 1.2.5 of the Secretarial Standard on General Meetings (SS- 2) regarding Director seeking appointment / re-appointment

Age	:	59 years
Qualifications & Experience	:	<p>Mr. Seshadari M Nagarajan is graduate in commerce, having 25 years of experience in steel and power sector.</p> <p>He has the marketing expertise in Steel. He is not related to any director, KMP or promoters of the Company. The Company stands to benefit from its association.</p>
Terms and Conditions of appointment/reappointment		<p>(i) Tenure: Five years [From 35th AGM till 40th AGM]</p> <p>(ii) Remuneration: Not applicable.</p> <p>(iii) Minimum Remuneration: Not Applicable.</p> <p>(iv) General:</p> <p>(a) The Director shall perform duties in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company and the powers delegated by the Board of Directors of the Company.</p> <p>(b) The Director shall devote attention to the Management of the Company and carry out such other duties as may be entrusted upon from time to time.</p> <p>(c) The provisions of Code of Conduct of the Company shall be deemed to have been incorporated into the Letter by reference and the Director shall abide by the provisions of the Code of Conduct of the Company in spirit and in letter and commit to assure its implementation.</p>
Last Drawn Remuneration	:	Nil
Date of first appointment on the Board	:	25.09.2020
No. of Shares held	:	Nil

Relationship with Directors, Managers & KMP	:	Not related to any director and KMP
Number of Board Meetings attended during FY	:	4
Other Directorship	:	1. OPG BUSINESS CENTRE PRIVATE LIMITED
Chairman/Member of the Committees of the Boards: of other Companies		NIL

Statement containing required information as per Part II of Section II of Schedule V to the Companies Act, 2013:

1.	Nature of Industry	Iron & Steel
2.	Date of commencement of Commercial production	Not applicable, since the Company has already been in operation
3.	In case of new companies, expected date of commencement of activities as per project approved by financial institutions appearing in the prospectus	Not applicable
4.	Financial performance based on given Company	As per the Financials of the Indicators
5.	Foreign Investments or collaborators, if any	There are no foreign investments or collaborators

General Information

Information about the appointee	
(1) Background details	Mr. Seshadari M Nagarajan (DIN: 00483662) Mr. Seshadari M Nagarajan is graduate in commerce, having 25 years of experience in steel and power sector. He has marketing expertise in Steel. He is not related to any director, KMP or promoters of the Company. The Company stands to benefit from is association.
(2) Past remuneration	NIL
(3) Recognition or awards	NIL



(4) Job profile and suitability	He is not related to any director, KMP or promoters of the Company. The Company stands to benefit from is association
(5) Remuneration proposed	Nil
(6) Comparative remuneration profile with respect to Industry, size of the Company, profile of the person	
(7) Pecuniary directly or indirectly with the company or relationship with the managerial personnel if any.	
Other information:	
(1) Reasons of loss or inadequate profits	Not applicable
(2) Steps taken or proposed to be taken for improvement	Not applicable
(3) Expected increase in productivity and profit in measurable terms	Not applicable
Disclosures	Remuneration details have been disclosed in the Corporate Governance Report attached to Board's Report as required

EXPLANATORY STATEMENT IN RESPECT OF THE SPECIAL BUSINESS PURSUANT TO SECTION 102 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

Item No. 3 – Re-appointment of Mr. Seshadari M Nagarajan (DIN: 00483662) as Non-Executive Non-Independent Director

The members of the Company, at the 30th Annual General Meeting (“AGM”) held on 31 December 2020, approved the appointment of Mr. Seshadari M Nagarajan as a Director for a term commencing from the conclusion of the 30th AGM up to the conclusion of the 35th AGM.

The present term of Mr. Seshadari M Nagarajan as Non-Executive Non-Independent Director expires at the conclusion of this 35th AGM. Based on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and in line with good governance practices, the Board of Directors, at its meeting held on 05 September 2025, approved the re-appointment of Mr. Seshadari M Nagarajan as a Non-Executive Non-Independent Director for a further term of five consecutive years, commencing from the conclusion of this 35th AGM up to the conclusion of the 40th AGM of the Company.

Mr. Seshadari M Nagarajan is eligible and has offered himself for re-appointment. He is not disqualified from being appointed as a Director under Section 164 of the Companies Act, 2013.

A brief profile of Mr. Seshadari M Nagarajan and other details as required under Regulation 36(3) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (“SEBI LODR”) form part of the annexure to this Notice.

None of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel of the Company or their relatives, except Mr. Seshadari M Nagarajan, to whom this resolution relates, is concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in this resolution.

The Board recommends the resolution for approval of members as an Ordinary Resolution.

Item No. 4 – Appointment of Secretarial Auditors of the Company

Pursuant to Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 and Regulation 24A of the SEBI LODR, every listed company is required to annex with its Board's Report, a Secretarial Audit Report issued by a Practising Company Secretary.

Based on the recommendation of the Audit Committee, the Board of Directors, at its meeting held on 05 September 2025, approved the appointment of M K Madhavan & Associates, Practising Company Secretaries (Firm Registration No. S2017TN468400) as the Secretarial Auditors of the Company for a term of five (5) consecutive years, commencing from Financial Year 2025-26 up to Financial Year 2029-30, to conduct the secretarial audit of the Company.

The remuneration payable to the Secretarial Auditors shall be as mutually agreed between the Board of Directors and the said firm, in addition to applicable taxes and reimbursement of out-of-pocket expenses.

None of the Directors and Key Managerial Personnel of the Company or their relatives is concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in this resolution.

The Board recommends the resolution for approval of members as an Ordinary Resolution.

Item No. 5 – Approval of Remuneration to Cost Auditor

The Board of Directors, based on the recommendation of the Audit Committee, approved the appointment of M/s. Vivekanandan & Unni Associates, Cost Accountants (Firm Registration No: 00085), as the Cost Auditors of the Company for the financial years 2024-25 and 2025-26, to audit the cost records maintained by the Company at a remuneration of ₹70,000/- (Rupees Seventy Thousand only) plus applicable taxes and out-of-pocket expenses.

In terms of Section 148(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 14 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, the remuneration payable to the Cost Auditors is required to be ratified by the members.

None of the Directors and Key Managerial Personnel of the Company or their relatives is concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in this resolution.

The Board recommends the resolution for approval of members as an Ordinary Resolution.



Notes :

1. Explanatory Statement is annexed to the Notice of the 35th Annual General Meeting of the Company as required by Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 and a statement containing required information under the Secretarial Standards regarding director seeking appointment and reappointment is enclosed.
2. Details pursuant to Regulation 36(3) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (Listing Regulations) and Secretarial Standard on General Meetings (SS2) issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India in respect of Directors seeking reappointment at the Annual General Meeting.
3. Pursuant to General Circulars No. 14/2020, 17/2020, 20/2020, 02/2021 and 2/2022 dated 8th April 2020, 13th April 2020, 5th May 2020, 13th January 2021, 5th May 2022 and 25th September 2023 respectively issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Government of India ("MCA") and Circulars No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD1/CIR/P/2020/79, SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD2/CIR/P/2021/11 and SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD2/CIR/P/2022/62 dated 12th May, 2020, 15th January, 2021, 13th May, 2022, 5th January 2023, 6th October 2023 and 7th October 2023 respectively issued by Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI), companies are permitted to conduct the Annual General Meeting (AGM) through Video Conferencing ("VC") / Other Audio Visual Means ("OAVM"). Accordingly, the 35th Annual General Meeting of the Members of the Company shall be conducted in virtual mode i.e., through Video Conferencing ("VC") / Other Audio-Visual Means ("OAVM") ('Virtual AGM'), as per the guidelines issued by the MCA. The deemed venue of this meeting shall be the Registered Office of the Company at B27, (M) SIPCOT Industrial Complex, Gummidipoondi Thiruvallur District, Tamil Nadu- 601201.
4. In accordance with the provisions of Section 101 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 18 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, Regulation 36 of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and Secretarial Standard on General Meetings (SS2) and the General Circulars No. 20/2020, 02/2021 and 02/2022 dated 5th May, 2020, 13th January, 2021 and 5th May 2022 respectively issued by MCA and Circulars No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD1/CIR/P/2020/79, SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD2/CIR/P/2021/11 and SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD2/CIR/P/2022/62 dated 12th May, 2020, 15th January, 2021 and 13th May, 2022 respectively issued by Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI), the Annual Report containing the Notice of the 35th Annual General Meeting, financial statements, Board's report, Auditors' report and other documents required to be attached therewith are being sent only by e-mail to those Members who have registered their e-mail address with the Company / Registrar and Share Transfer Agent (in respect of shares held in physical form) or with their DP (in respect of shares held in electronic form) and made available to the Company by the Depositories.
5. Members, who have not registered their e-mail addresses, are requested to register their e-mail addresses with (i) the Depository Participant(s), if the shares are held in electronic form and (ii) with the Company / Registrar & Share Transfer Agent (RTA) of the Company, if the shares are held in physical form.

6. The Members can join the AGM in the VC/OAVM mode 15 minutes before and after the scheduled time of the commencement of the Meeting by following the procedure mentioned in the Notice. The facility of participation at the AGM through VC/OAVM will be made available for 1000 members on first come first served basis. This will not include large Shareholders (Shareholders holding 2% or more shareholding), Promoters, Institutional Investors, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, the Chairpersons of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Auditors etc. who are allowed to attend the AGM without restriction on account of first come first served basis.

In case of joint holders attending the Annual General Meeting in virtual mode, only such joint holder, who is higher in the order of names as per the Register of Members of the Company, will be entitled to attend and vote.

7. The attendance of the Members attending the AGM through VC/OAVM will be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under Section 103 of the Companies Act, 2013.
8. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (as amended) and Regulation 44 of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 (as amended), and the Circulars issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs dated April 08, 2020, April 13, 2020 and May 05, 2020 the Company is providing facility of remote e-Voting to its Members in respect of the business to be transacted at the AGM. For this purpose, the Company has entered into an agreement with National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) for facilitating voting through electronic means, as the authorized agency. The facility of casting votes by a member using remote e-Voting system as well as venue voting on the date of the AGM will be provided by NSDL.
9. In line with the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) Circular No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, the Notice calling the AGM has been uploaded on the website of the Company at www.kanishksteels.in. The Notice can also be accessed from the websites of the Stock Exchanges i.e. BSE Limited at www.bseindia.com and the AGM Notice is also available on the website of NSDL (agency for providing the Remote e-Voting facility) i.e. www.evoting.nsdl.com.
10. Corporate Members intending to authorize their representatives to attend the AGM through VC/OAVM and vote through e-Voting are requested to send to the Company a certified copy of the Board Resolution authorising their representative to attend the AGM through VC/OAVM and cast their votes through e-Voting
11. The Register of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel and their shareholding, as maintained under Section 170 of the Act and the Register of Contracts or Arrangements in which the Directors are interested, as maintained under Section 189 of the Act, will be available electronically for inspection by the Members during the AGM. All documents referred to in the Notice will also be available for inspection of Members on the website of the Company at www.kanishksteels.in and at the Registered Office of the Company between 11.00 A.M. and 1.00 P.M. on any working day, prior to the date of the meeting.
12. The Register of Members and Share Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from 24th September 2025 to 30th September 2025 (both days inclusive).



13. Members are requested to update their KYC, Bank account details including residential status and Permanent Account Number (PAN) and Category as per Income Tax Act (IT Act), with their DPs (where the shares are held in demat form) and with the RTA (where the shares are held in physical form) in order to process the dividend payment, if declared directly into their bank accounts on the payout date and to be in compliance with Tax Deducted at Source (TDS) requirement under IT Act.

Shares held in physical form: Shareholders who have not updated their mandate for receiving the dividends directly in their bank accounts through Electronic Clearing Services (ECS) or any other means ("Electronics Bank Mandate"), can register their Electronic Bank Mandate to receive dividends directly into their bank account electronically, by sending following details / documents, in addition to the documents mentioned in the above para, to the Company / RTA: a) Name and Branch of the bank in which dividend is to be received;

- b) Bank account type; c) Bank Account Number allotted by your bank after implementation of Core Banking Solutions; d) 11 digit IFS Code; e) 9 digit MICR Code Number; and f) Self-attested scanned copy of cancelled cheque bearing the name of the member or first holder, in case shares are held jointly.

Shares held in Demat Form: Please contact your Depository Participant (DP) and get your e-mail ID and Bank Account details registered / updated in your Demat Account by your DP. In the event the Company is unable to pay the dividend to any Shareholder by electronic means, due to non-registration of Bank Account, the Company shall dispatch the dividend warrant to such Shareholder.

14. Under the provisions of Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/MIRSD/MIRSD_RTAMB/P/ CIR/2021/655 dated 3rd November, 2021 shareholder(s) is / are entitled to nominate in the prescribed manner, a person to whom his / her / their shares in the Company, shall vest after his / her / their lifetime. Members who are holding shares in physical form and are interested in availing this nomination facility may submit nomination in the prescribed Form SH-13 with the Company / RTA and any member who desires to opt out or cancel the earlier nomination and record a fresh nomination, he/she may submit the same in Form ISR-3 or Form SH-14, as the case may be, to the Company / RTA. The said forms are available at the Company's website at www.kanishksteels.in In respect of shares held in dematerialized form, members may submit their nomination forms with their respective Depository Participants.
15. Members are requested to note that in case of deletion of name of deceased shareholder, transmission and transposition of names in respect of shares held in physical form, submission of self-attested photocopy of PAN Card of the claimant(s), surviving holder(s), legal heir(s) and joint holder(s) respectively, along with necessary documents at the time of lodgement of request for transmission / transposition, is mandatory.
16. SEBI has mandated submission of PAN, KYC and nomination details by holders of physical securities by March 31, 2023, and linking PAN with Aadhaar by March 31, 2022 vide its Circulars dated November 3, 2021 and December 14, 2021. Shareholders are requested to submit their PAN, KYC and nomination details to the Company's RTA. The forms for updating the same are available at the Company's website at www.kanishksteels.in. Members holding shares in electronic form are requested to submit the said details to their depository

participant(s). The folios of holders of physical securities, wherein any one of the aforesaid document / details are not available on or after April 01, 2023, shall be frozen by our Registrar and Share Transfer Agent (RTA). The securities in the frozen folios shall be: a) eligible to lodge grievance or avail service request from the RTA only after furnishing the complete documents / details as aforesaid. b) eligible for any payment including dividend, interest or redemption payment only through electronic mode and an intimation from the RTA to the holder that the aforesaid payment is due and shall be made electronically upon complying with the aforesaid requirements. c) referred by the RTA / the Company to the administering authority under the Benami Transactions (Prohibitions) Act, 1988 and or Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002, if they continue to remain frozen as on December 31, 2025.

17. In terms of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, securities of listed companies can only be transferred in dematerialised form with effect from April 1, 2019. In view of the above, members are advised to dematerialise equity shares held by them in physical form. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) has also, vide its Circular No. SEBI/HO/MIRSD/MIRSD_RTAMB/P/CIR/2022/8 dated 25.01.2022, mandated listed Companies to issue the securities in dematerialized form only, while processing the following service request viz., Issue of duplicate securities certificate; Claim from Unclaimed Suspense Account; Renewal / Exchange of securities certificate; Endorsement; Sub-division / Splitting of securities certificate; Consolidation of securities certificates / folios; Transmission and Transposition. Members holding shares in physical form are requested to submit such service request in Form ISR 4 along with necessary documents / details specified therein, as prescribed by SEBI.
18. Electronic Voting (e-Voting):
 - I. In compliance with provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (as amended) and Regulation 44 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (as amended) and the Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India and the Circulars issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs dated April 08, 2020, April 13, 2020, May 05, 2020, January 13, 2021 and May 05, 2022 and SEBI Circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242 dated December 09, 2020, the Company is pleased to provide to its members the facility of remote e-voting and voting through e-voting system during the AGM to cast their vote on resolutions, in respect of the business to be transacted at the AGM. For this purpose, the Company has entered into an agreement with National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) for facilitating voting through electronic means, as the authorized agency. The facility of casting votes by a member using remote e-voting system as well as e-voting during the AGM will be provided by NSDL.
 - II. The Members who have cast their vote by remote e-voting prior to the AGM may also attend/participate in the AGM through VC / OAVM but shall not be entitled / eligible to cast their vote again.
 - III. Mr. M K Madhavan, Company Secretary in Practice (Membership No. F8408, C.P No. 16796), has been appointed as the Scrutinizer to scrutinize the e-voting and remote e-Voting process in a fair and transparent manner.



IV. THE INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR REMOTE E-VOTING AND JOINING GENERAL MEETING ARE AS UNDER:-

The remote e-voting period begins on 27.09.2025 at 09:00 A.M. and ends on 29.09.2025 at 05:00 P.M. The remote e-voting module shall be disabled by NSDL for voting thereafter. The Members, whose names appear in the Register of Members / Beneficial Owners as on the record date (cut-off date) i.e. 23.09.2025, may cast their vote electronically. The voting right of shareholders shall be in proportion to their share in the paid-up equity share capital of the Company as on the cut-off date, being 23.09.2025.

How do I vote electronically using NSDL e-Voting system?

The way to vote electronically on NSDL e-Voting system consists of “Two Steps” which are mentioned below:

Step 1: Access to NSDL e-Voting system

A) A) Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode

In terms of SEBI circular dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their demat accounts in order to access e-Voting facility.

Login method for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode is given below:

Type of shareholders	Login Method
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL.	1. For OTP based login you can click on https://eservices.nsd.com/SecureWeb/evoting/evotinglogin.jsp either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. On the e-Services home page click on the “Beneficial Owner” icon under “Login” which is available under “IDeAS” section, this will prompt you to enter your existing User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services under Value added services. Click on “Access to e-Voting” under e-Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be re-directed to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.

Type of shareholders	Login Method
	<p>2. Existing IDeAS user can visit the e-Services website of NSDL Viz. https://eservices.nsdl.com either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. On the e-Services home page click on the “Beneficial Owner” icon under “Login” which is available under 'IDeAS' section , this will prompt you to enter your existing User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services under Value added services. Click on “Access to e-Voting” under e-Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be re-directed to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.</p> <p>3. If you are not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at https://eservices.nsdl.com. Select “Register Online for IDeAS Portal” or click at https://eservices.nsdl.com/ SecureWeb/ IdeasDirectReg.jsp</p> <p>4. Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/ either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e Voting system is launched, click on the icon “Login” which is available under 'Shareholder/Member' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen digit demat account number hold with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be redirected to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.</p> <p>5. Shareholders/Members can also download NSDL Mobile App “NSDL Speede” facility by scanning the QR code mentioned below for seamless voting experience.</p> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>NSDL Mobile App to vote on</p> <p>   </p>   </div>



Type of shareholders	Login Method
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with CDSL	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Users who have opted for CDSL Easi / Easiest facility, can login through their existing user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The users to login Easi /Easiest are requested to visit CDSL website www.cdslindia.com and click on login icon & New System Myeasi Tab and then use your existing my easi username & password.2. After successful login the Easi / Easiest user will be able to see the e-Voting option for eligible companies where the evoting is in progress as per the information provided by company. On clicking the evoting option, the user will be able to see e Voting page of the e-Voting service provider for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting. Additionally, there is also links provided to access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers, so that the user can visit the e-Voting service providers' website directly.3. If the user is not registered for Easi/Easiest, option to register is available at CDSL website www.cdslindia.com and click on login & New System Myeasi Tab and then click on registration option.4. Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing Demat Account Number and PAN No. from a e-Voting link available on www.cdslindia.com home page. The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile & Email as recorded in the Demat Account. After successful authentication, user will be able to see the e-Voting option where the evoting is in progress and also able to directly access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers.
Individual Shareholders (holding securities in demat mode) login through	You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your Depository (demat mode) their Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e Voting depository participants facility. upon logging in, you will be able to see eVoting option. Click on e Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e Voting feature. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be redirected to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.

Important note: Members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at abovementioned website.

Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. NSDL and CDSL.

Login type	Helpdesk details
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.com or call at 022 - 4886 7000
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with CDSL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at toll free no. 1800-21-09911

B) Login Method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for shareholders other than Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode and shareholders holding securities in physical mode..

How to Log-in to NSDL e-Voting website?

1. Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: <https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/> either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile.
2. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon “Login” which is available under 'Shareholder/Member' section.
3. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID, your Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen.
Alternatively, if you are registered for NSDL eservices i.e. IDEAS, you can log-in at <https://eservices.nsdl.com/> with your existing IDEAS login. Once you log-in to NSDL eservices after using your log-in credentials, click on e-Voting and you can proceed to Step 2 i.e. Cast your vote electronically.
4. Your User ID details are given below :

Manner of holding shares i.e. Demat (NSDL or CDSL) or Physical	Your User ID is:
a) For Members who hold shares in demat account with NSDL.	8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digit Client ID For example if your DP ID is IN300*** and Client ID is 12***** then your user ID is IN300***12*****.
b) For Members who hold shares in demat account with CDSL.	16 Digit Beneficiary ID For example if your Beneficiary ID is 12***** then your user ID is 12*****
c) For Members holding shares in Physical Form.	EVEN Number followed by Folio Number registered with the company For example if folio number is 001*** and EVEN is 101456 then user ID is 101456001***



5. Password details for shareholders other than Individual shareholders are given below:
 - a) If you are already registered for e-Voting, then you can use your existing password to login and cast your vote.
 - b) If you are using NSDL e-Voting system for the first time, you will need to retrieve the 'initial password' which was communicated to you. Once you retrieve your 'initial password', you need to enter the 'initial password' and the system will force you to change your password.
 - c) How to retrieve your 'initial password'?
 - (i) If your email ID is registered in your demat account or with the company, your 'initial password' is communicated to you on your email ID. Trace the email sent to you from NSDL from your mailbox. Open the email and open the attachment i.e. a .pdf file. Open the .pdf file. The password to open the .pdf file is your 8 digit client ID for NSDL account, last 8 digits of client ID for CDSL account or folio number for shares held in physical form. The .pdf file contains your 'User ID' and your 'initial password'.
 - (ii) If your email ID is not registered, please follow steps mentioned below in process for those shareholders whose email ids are not registered.
6. If you are unable to retrieve or have not received the “Initial password” or have forgotten your password:
 - a) Click on “Forgot User Details/Password?” (If you are holding shares in your demat account with NSDL or CDSL) option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com.
 - b) Physical User Reset Password?” (If you are holding shares in physical mode) option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com.
 - c) If you are still unable to get the password by aforesaid two options, you can send a request at evoting@nsdl.com mentioning your demat account number/folio number, your PAN, your name and your registered address etc.
 - d) Members can also use the OTP (One Time Password) based login for casting the votes on the e-Voting system of NSDL.
7. After entering your password, tick on Agree to “Terms and Conditions” by selecting on the check box.
8. Now, you will have to click on “Login” button.
9. After you click on the “Login” button, Home page of e-Voting will open.

Step 2: Cast your vote electronically and join General Meeting on NSDL e-Voting system.

How to cast your vote electronically and join General Meeting on NSDL e-Voting system?

1. After successful login at Step 1, you will be able to see all the companies “EVEN” in which you are holding shares and whose voting cycle and General Meeting is in active status.
2. Select “EVEN” of company for which you wish to cast your vote during the remote e Voting period and casting your vote during the General Meeting. For joining virtual meeting, you need to click on “VC/OAVM” link placed under “Join Meeting”.
3. Now you are ready for e-Voting as the Voting page opens.
4. Cast your vote by selecting appropriate options i.e. assent or dissent, verify/modify the number of shares for which you wish to cast your vote and click on “Submit” and also “Confirm” when prompted.
5. Upon confirmation, the message “Vote cast successfully” will be displayed.
6. You can also take the printout of the votes cast by you by clicking on the print option on the confirmation page.
7. Once you confirm your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.

General Guidelines for shareholders

1. Institutional shareholders (i.e. other than individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) are required to send scanned copy (PDF/JPG Format) of the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory(ies) who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer by e-mail to cs.madhavanmk@gmail.com with a copy marked to evoting@nsdl.com. Institutional shareholders (i.e. other than individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) can also upload their Board Resolution / Power of Attorney / Authority Letter etc. by clicking on "Upload Board Resolution / Authority Letter" displayed under "e-Voting" tab in their login.
2. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential. Login to the e-voting website will be disabled upon five unsuccessful attempts to key in the correct password. In such an event, you will need to go through the “Forgot User Details/Password?” or “Physical User Reset Password?” option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com to reset the password.



3. In case of any queries, you may refer the Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) for Shareholders and e-voting user manual for Shareholders available at the download section of www.evoting.nsdl.com or call on.: 022 - 4886 7000 or send a request to (Name of NSDL Official) at evoting@nsdl.com

Process for those shareholders whose email ids are not registered with the depositories for procuring user id and password and registration of e mail ids for e-voting for the resolutions set out in this notice:

1. In case shares are held in physical mode please provide Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) by email to (Company email id).
2. In case shares are held in demat mode, please provide DPID-CLID (16 digit DPID + CLID or 16 digit beneficiary ID), Name, client master or copy of Consolidated Account statement, PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) to (Company email id). If you are an Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode, you are requested to refer to the login method explained at **step 1 (A) i.e. Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for Individual shareholders holding securities in dematmode.**
3. Alternatively shareholder/members may send a request to evoting@nsdl.com for procuring user id and password for e-voting by providing above mentioned documents.
4. In terms of SEBI circular dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are required to update their mobile number and email ID correctly in their demat account in order to access e-Voting facility.

THE INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR e-VOTING ON THE DAY OF THE AGM ARE AS UNDER:-

1. The procedure for e-Voting on the day of the AGM is same as the instructions mentioned above for remote e-voting.
2. Only those Members/ shareholders, who will be present in the AGM through VC/OAVM facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system in the AGM.

3. Members who have voted through Remote e-Voting will be eligible to attend the AGM. However, they will not be eligible to vote at the AGM.
4. The details of the person who may be contacted for any grievances connected with the facility for e-Voting on the day of the AGM shall be the same person mentioned for Remote e-voting.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR ATTENDING THE EGM/AGM THROUGH VC/OAVM ARE AS UNDER:

1. Member will be provided with a facility to attend the AGM through VC/OAVM through the NSDL e-Voting system. Members may access by following the steps mentioned above for Access to NSDL e-Voting system. After successful login, you can see link of “VC/OAVM link” placed under “Join meeting” menu against company name. You are requested to click on VC/OAVM link placed under Join General Meeting menu. The link for VC/OAVM will be available in Shareholder/Member login where the EVEN of Company will be displayed. Please note that the members who do not have the User ID and Password for e-Voting or have forgotten the User ID and Password may retrieve the same by following the remote e-Voting instructions mentioned in the notice to avoid last minute rush.
2. Members are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops for better experience.
3. Further Members will be required to allow Camera and use Internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.
4. Please note that Participants Connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to Fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.
5. Shareholders who would like to express their views/have questions may send their questions in advance mentioning their name demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at company.secretary@kanishksteels.in. The same will be replied by the company suitably.
6. Members who would like to express their views or ask questions during the AGM may register themselves as a speaker by sending their request from their registered email address mentioning their name, DP ID and Client ID / folio number, PAN, mobile number at company.secretary@kanishksteels.in on or before 29th September 2025 (5:00 p.m.). Those Members who have registered themselves as a speaker will only be allowed to express their views / ask questions during the AGM. The Company reserves the right to restrict the number of speakers depending on the availability of time for the AGM



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- V. A person, whose name is recorded in the register of members or in the register of beneficial owners maintained by the depositories as on the cut-off date only shall be entitled to avail the facility of remote e-Voting or e-Voting during the AGM.
 - VI. The Scrutinizer shall immediately after the conclusion of e-voting at the AGM through VC /OAVM mode, first download and count the votes cast at the AGM and thereafter unblock the votes cast through remote e-Voting and shall submit, not later than forty-eight hours from the conclusion of the AGM, a consolidated scrutinizer's report of the total votes cast in favour or against, if any, to the Chairman or a person authorized by him in writing, who shall countersign the same and declare the result of the voting forthwith.
 - VII. The Results declared along with the report of the Scrutinizer shall be placed on the Company's website at www.kanishksteels.in and on the website of NSDL at www.evoting.nsdl.com immediately after the declaration of result by the Chairman or a person authorized by him in writing. The results shall also be immediately forwarded to the BSE Limited, where the equity shares of the Company are listed.

BOARD'S REPORT

Dear Members,

The Board of Directors the report of the business and operations of your Company along with the audited financial statements, for the financial year ended March 31,2025.

Financial Summary :

The Company's financial performances for the year under review along with previous year's figures are given hereunder :

Particulars	Rupees in Lakhs	
	Year Ended 31.03.2025	Year Ended 31.03.2024
Sales	36,000.76	38,808.03
Profit after Interest & Depreciation	1,395.41	381.49
Provision for Tax	402.77	121.47
Profit after Tax	992.64	260.02
Add : Taxation Adjustments of Previous Years	-160.54	-
Add : Balance of Profit brought from previous year	-	-
Profit available for Appropriation	832.10	260.02
APPROPRIATIONS		
Equity Dividend Proposed (Final)		
Dividend Distribution Tax (Final)		
Transfer to General Reserve		
Balance Carried Forward		-

COMPANY'S PERFORMANCE:

Your Company is engaged in manufacture and supply of Iron & Steel products. The company's branded steel products which are most vibrant, relevant, and preferred by most customers for quality at competitive prices and effective management helped the company to perform well even at the challenging market conditions.

During the year, the turnover was Rs. 36,000.76 Lakhs as against Rs. 38,808.03 Lakhs for the previous year. The profit after tax of was Rs. 832.10 Lakhs as against Rs. 260.02 Lakhs for the previous year.

DIVIDEND:

With a view to conserve the resources of the Company, no dividend has been recommended by your directors for year ended March 31, 2025.



CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL RESULTS:

The Company has no subsidiary, associate, and joint venture companies and therefore, preparation and presentation of Consolidated Financial Statements does not arise for the year ended March 31, 2025.

NAMES OF COMPANIES WHICH HAVE BECOME OR CEASED TO BE THE SUBSIDIARIES, JOINT VENTURES OR ASSOCIATE COMPANIES DURING THE YEAR:

The Company have no subsidiaries, joint ventures, or associate companies. During the year under review no companies have become or ceased to be the subsidiaries, joint ventures or associates of the Company.

RESERVES:

For the financial year ended March 31, 2025, your directors do not recommend transfer of any amount to any reserves.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS :

A detailed analysis of performance of the Industry and the Company is provided in the Management Discussion and Analysis Report as **Annexure-I**, which forms an integral part of this report.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT:

In accordance with Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013, your Board of Directors confirms that :

- (a) in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards had been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures.
- (b) the directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the profit of the Company for that period.
- (c) the directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safe guarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities.
- (d) the directors had prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis; and
- (e) the directors had laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively; and
- (f) the directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

MEETINGS OF THE BOARD :

Five (5) Board Meetings were held during the financial year under review and the details of which are available in Report on Corporate Governance as Annexure-II. B, which forms an integral part of this Report.

DIRECTORS AND KMP:

During the financial year under review, there was no change in the Board of Directors/ KMP of the Company.

DECLARATION BY INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS:

All the Independent Directors have given the declaration that they meet the criteria of independence as laid down under Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Rules made thereunder and Regulation 16(1)(b) of SEBI(LODR) Regulations, 2015.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE:

Pursuant to the provisions of Regulation 34 read with point C & E of Schedule V of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, a separate Report on Corporate Governance for the financial year ended March 31, 2025 along with the Auditor's Certificate on Compliance is enclosed as **Annexure-II.A** and is forming part of this Report.

AUDIT COMMITTEE:

The Board of Directors has an audit committee and the composition, powers, role and terms of reference of the Audit Committee are in accordance with the requirements mandated under Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Rules made thereunder and Regulation 18 and 21 read with Part C of Schedule II of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015.

The details of Audit Committee along with the details of the Meetings held during the financial year are given in the Corporate Governance Report that forms part of this Report.

PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES AND RELATED DISCLOSURES:

In terms of the provisions of Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Sub rules (1) to Rule 5 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, a statement is enclosed in **Annexure-III**.

AUDITORS AND AUDITORS' REPORT:

M/s. Chaturvedi & Partners (FRN: 307068E), Chartered Accountants, Chennai was appointed as auditors at the 32nd AGM held on 30th September 2022 for a period of five years and their term expires with the conclusion of the 37th AGM to be held for the financial year 2026-27. The Auditors being eligible continue to hold their office for the remaining period.

For the financial year under review, there are no qualifications, reservation or adverse remark or disclaimer made by the auditors in their report and thus the explanations or comments by the Board does not arise.

COST AUDITOR:

The Board appointed M/s. Vivekanandan & Unni Associates, Cost and Management Accountants, as the Cost Auditors for the financial years 2024-25 and 2025-26 to carry out the cost audit of Company's records and fixed a remuneration of Rs.70,000/- subject to members' approval.



LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS BY THE COMPANY:

Details of investments, loans and guarantees covered under the provisions of section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the rules made there under are provided in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS:

The Company has formulated a Policy on dealing with Related Party Transactions. The Policy is disclosed on the website of the Company. All transactions entered into with Related Parties as defined under the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 23 of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 during the financial year were in the ordinary course of business and on an arms' length basis and do not attract the provisions of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013. However, pursuant to the provisions of Regulation 23(2) of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, prior approval of the Audit Committee was sought for entering into the Related Party Transactions. During the financial year, the Company had not entered into any contract / arrangement / transactions with Related Parties which could be considered as material in terms of Regulation 23 of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015. In accordance with Accounting Standard 18, the Related Party Transactions are disclosed in the notes to the Financial Statements.

PARTICULARS OF CONTRACTS OR ARRANGEMENTS WITH RELATED PARTIES :

There were no materially significant transactions with Related Parties during the financial year 2024-25 which conflicted with the interest of the Company. Suitable disclosures as required under AS-18 have been made in the Notes to the financial statements. The Corporate Governance Report contains relevant details on the nature of Related Party Transactions (RPTs) and the policy formulated by the Board on Material RPTs. Particulars of Contracts or Arrangements with Related Parties referred to in Section 188(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 is furnished in accordance with Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 in Form AOC -2 as **Annexure-IV**.

CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS & OUTGO :

Details of energy conservation, technology absorption, foreign exchange earnings and outgoing accordance with the provisions of Section 134 (3) (m) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 8 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 are given as **Annexure-V** forming part of this Report.

CODE OF CONDUCT :

The Board has formulated a Code of Conduct for Directors and Senior Management Personnel of the Company. A Declaration affirming on the compliance of Code of Conduct is provided in **Annexure-VI**.

ADEQUACY OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS :

The company has formulated an Internal controls policy. In the opinion of Board, it is adequate to mitigate risks and provided reasonable assurance that operations/transactions are efficient and assets are safeguarded.

MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS :

There were no material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company between the end of financial year i.e., March 31, 2025 and the date of the Report i.e., 28th May 2025.

ANNUAL RETURN:

In accordance with the Companies Act, 2013, the annual return in the prescribed format is available at www.kanishksteels.in

REMUNERATION POLICY:

The Remuneration policy of the Company comprising appointment and remuneration of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Executives of the Company including criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes, independence of a Director and other related matters has been provided in the Corporate Governance Report.

SECRETARIAL STANDARDS:

The Company is pleased to report that during the financial year under review, the Company has complied with all the provisions of applicable Secretarial Standards i.e., the Secretarial Standard-1 for the meeting of Board of Directors and the Secretarial Standard-2 for the General Meeting of the Shareholders issued by the Institute of Companies Secretaries of India (ICSI) as per the provisions of Section 118(10) of the Companies Act, 2013.

SECRETARIAL AUDIT:

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, the Company had appointed M/s.M K Madhavan & Associates, Company Secretaries, Chennai to undertake the Secretarial Audit of the Company for the Financial Year 2024-25.

There are no qualifications, reservation or adverse remark or disclaimer made by the auditors in their report and thus the explanations or comments by the Board does not arise. The Secretarial Audit Report is given as **Annexure-VII** forming part of this Report.

VIGIL MECHANISM/WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY:

The company has established a vigil mechanism for directors and employees to report genuine concerns pursuant to section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules 2014 and SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015.

DEPOSITS:

Your Company has neither accepted nor renewed any deposits from public within the meaning of Section 73 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 during the year.

SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS IMPACTING THE COMPANY:

There are no significant and material orders passed by the Regulators or Courts or Tribunals which would impact the going concern status of the Company.



BOARD EVALUATION:

The Board carried out an annual performance evaluation of its own performance, the individual Directors as well as the working of the Committees of the Board. The performance evaluation of the Independent Directors was carried out by the entire Board. The performance evaluation of the Chairman and the Non-Independent Directors were carried out by Independent Directors.

Details of the same are given in the Report on Corporate Governance annexed hereto.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR):

Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 mandates every Company having minimum threshold limit of net worth, turnover or net profit as prescribed to constitute a Corporate Social Responsibility Committee of the Board, formulation of a Corporate Social Responsibility Policy that shall indicate the activities to be undertaken by the Company as specified in Schedule VII to the Companies Act, 2013 and duly approved by the Board, fix the amount of expenditure to be incurred on the activities and monitor the CSR Policy from time to time.

Since your Company falls within the minimum threshold limits, it has constituted a CSR Committee of the Board and formulated a CSR Policy. The CSR Report, forming part of this Report, is furnished in **Annexure - VIII**

ANTI-SEXUAL HARASSMENT POLICY :

The Company has in place an Anti-Sexual Harassment Policy in line with the requirements of The Sexual Harassment of Women at the Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition & Redressal) Act, 2013. Internal Complaints Committee (ICC) has been set up to redress complaints received regarding sexual harassment. All employees (permanent, contractual, temporary, trainees) are covered under this policy. No complaints were received during the financial year 2023-24.

CEO/CFO CERTIFICATION:

Mr. Vishal Keyal, Chairman and Managing Director & CEO and Mr. Ashok Bohra, Chief Financial Officer have given their certification to the Board in terms of under the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT:

Your directors place on record a great appreciation of the fine efforts of all executives and employees of the Company which was instrumental to achieve profitability and stability of the Company for the financial year. Your directors also express their sincere thanks to various departments of Central Government, Government of Tamil Nadu, TANGEDCO, Banks, the customers, shareholders and all other stakeholders for continuing support and encouragement during the financial year and expect the same in future also.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Date : 28-05-2025

Place : Chennai

Vishal Keyal

Chairman and Managing Director

DIN : 00092651

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

For the Financial Year Ended 31st March 2025

The Indian steel industry continues to be one of the core sectors underpinning the nation's manufacturing and infrastructure development. Supported by the Government's thrust on infrastructure creation and industrial expansion, the sector has shown resilience amid global economic uncertainties. The National Steel Policy 2017 aims to boost India's steel production capacity to 300 million tonnes by 2030–31 (–Ministry of Steel NSP 2017), while reducing import dependency and encouraging value-added domestic manufacturing. This policy, along with initiatives such as Make in India, PM Gati Shakti, and the National Infrastructure Pipeline (111 lakh crore outlay) (Ministry of Finance), is expected to drive long-term steel demand across sectors like construction, automotive, energy, and defence.

India's crude steel production stood at 140.2 million tonnes in FY 2023–24 (–World Steel Association April 2024 Short Range Outlook), and domestic demand is projected to grow at 7.5% in FY 2025 ([SteelMint Report, March 2025]). Despite global slowdown pressures, India remains one of the few bright spots globally in terms of both production and consumption.

Kanishk Steel Industries Limited, established in 1989, continues to be a prominent and reliable steel manufacturer in South India. The Company's integrated manufacturing unit located at Gummidipoondi, Tamil Nadu, houses both furnace and rolling mill operations, producing a range of frontline rolled steel products. Over the years, the brand “KANISHK STEELS” has earned a reputation in the Indian market for its quality, competitive pricing, and dependable delivery schedules. During FY 2024–25, the Company sustained its focus on enhancing product quality, optimising internal processes, and strengthening its market presence, particularly in the infrastructure and industrial segments.

The per capita finished steel consumption in India was around 82.5 kg in FY 2023–24 (–Ministry of Steel, Annual Report 202324), compared to the global average of 231.3 kg ([World Steel Association, 2024]). This gap reflects the tremendous potential for long-term demand growth in the country. With sustained investment in infrastructure such as roads, ports, airports, renewable energy, and affordable housing, demand for steel is projected to remain strong over the next decade.

That said, the industry also faces challenges. Key risks include volatile input costs (coal, iron ore), exchange rate fluctuations, regional demand–supply imbalances, and high energy and logistics costs. The influx of low-priced steel imports from neighbouring countries such as China and



Vietnam also adds competitive pressure ([DGFT Import Data, FY 2024–25]). Nonetheless, strong domestic policy support through duties, quality controls, and procurement preference for Indian steel has partially offset these pressures.

Despite these challenges, the Company remains optimistic about the future. With steel consumption expected to rise at 7–8% CAGR over the next 5 years ([CRISIL Outlook – Feb 2025]), Kanishk Steel aims to leverage its operational strengths and customer-centric approach to achieve sustainable growth. By maintaining quality standards, cost discipline, and market responsiveness, the Company remains committed to creating long-term value for all stakeholders.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S CERTIFICATE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

TO THE MEMBERS OF KANISHK STEEL INDUSTRIES LIMITED

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S CERTIFICATE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

1. This certificate is issued in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated April 01, 2025.
2. We, Chaturvedi & Partners, Chartered Accountants, the Statutory Auditors of Kanishk Steel Industries Limited ("the Company"), have examined the compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance by the Company, for the year ended on March 31, 2025, as stipulated in regulations 17 to 27 and clauses (b) to (i) of regulation 46(2) and para C and D of Schedule V of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (the Listing Regulations).

Managements' Responsibility

3. The compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of the Management. This responsibility includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control and procedures to ensure the compliance with the conditions of the Corporate Governance stipulated in Listing Regulations.

Auditor's Responsibility

4. Our responsibility is limited to examining the procedures and implementation thereof, adopted by the Company for ensuring compliance with the conditions of the Corporate Governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the Company.
5. We have examined the books of account and other relevant records and documents maintained by the Company for the purposes of providing reasonable assurance on the compliance with Corporate Governance requirements by the Company.
6. We have carried out an examination of the relevant records of the Company in accordance with the Guidance Note on Certification of Corporate Governance issued by the Institute of the Chartered Accountants of India (the ICAI), the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act 2013, in so far as applicable for the purpose of this certificate and as per the Guidance Note on Reports or Certificates for Special Purposes issued by the ICAI which requires that we comply with the ethical requirements of the Code of Ethics issued by the ICAI.
7. We have complied with the relevant applicable requirements of the Standard on Quality Control (SQC) 1, Quality Control for Firms that Perform Audits and Reviews of Historical Financial Information, and Other Assurance and Related Services Engagements.

Opinion

8. Based on our examination of the relevant records and according to the information and explanations provided to us and the representations provided by the Management, we certify that the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in regulations 17 to 27 and clauses (b) to (i) of regulation 46(2) and para C and D of Schedule V of the Listing Regulations during the year ended March 31, 2025.
9. We state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor the efficiency or effectiveness with which the Management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For Chaturvedi & Partners,
Chartered Accountants,
FRN 307068E

Place: Chennai
Date: 28-05-2025

M Maheswari, FCA
Partner
Membership No. 241814
UDIN : 25241814BMKZBZ5825

**REPORT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

(For the Financial Year 2024-25)

1. Company's philosophy on code of Governance:

Corporate Governance at Kanishk Steels is based on the principles of equity, fairness, transparency, spirit of law and honest communication. We always believe that the good Corporate Governance through accountability, integrity and professionalism is the way to enhance the value of Shareholders and all other stakeholders which include Suppliers, Customers, Creditors, Bankers, Society and Employees of the Company. We follow the guidelines mandated in the SEBI(Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and adopt the principles to suit the changing times and needs of the business, society, and the nation.

2. I. Board of Directors**A. Board Composition:**

The Board has been constituted in conformity with SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The Board of the company has an optimum of executive and non-executive directors, including one women director as under:

Name of Director	Executive / Non-Executive Director	Promoter / Independent
Mr. Vishal Keyal	Chairman and Managing Director. Executive Director	Non-independent
Mr. Ashok Bohra	Whole-time Director(CFO)	Non-independent
Mr. R.Ramesh	Non-Executive Director	Independent Director
Mr. Munuswamy Sathiyamoorthy	Non-Executive Director	Independent Director
Mr. Seshadari, M. Nagarajan	Non-Executive Director	Non-independent
Mrs. Sheril Theodore [@]	Non-Executive Director	Independent Director
Mrs Manju Meenakshi ^{&}	Non-Executive Director	Independent Director

[@] up to 30.09.2024[&] with effect from 01.10.2024

The Board has a regular executive chairman who is non-promoter. It has Independent directors more than half of the Board. No Director is related to any other Director on the Board in terms of the definition of "relative" as defined in Section 2(77) of the Companies Act, 2013.

Independent Directors are not liable to retire by rotation. All directors other than independent directors retire by rotation and in general, seek re-appointment at the AGM.

Brief resume of Director seeking reappointment is given in the Notice of the AGM. All the Independent Directors have given the declarations pursuant to Section 149(7) of the Act affirming that they meet the criteria of independence as provided in sub section (6). No independent director of the Company serves in more than 7 listed companies as Independent Director and

holds office of whole-time director in any listed company. Letter of Appointments together with the terms there to were issued to Independent directors and have been posted on the Company website.

As required by the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (Listing Obligation & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, none of the directors hold directorship in more than 20 public companies, nor membership of board committees (audit/remuneration/investors grievance committees) in excess of 10 and chairmanship of afore-mentioned committees in excess of 5.

Name of the Directors	Number of directorships, Committee Memberships and Committee Chairmanship held in other Companies [#]		
	Directorships	Membership	Chairmanships
Mr. Vishal Keyal	1	1	1
Mr. Ashok Bohra	1	1	-
Mr. Munuswamy Sathiyamoorthy	1	1	-
Mr.R. Ramesh	1	1	-
Mr. Seshadari, M. Nagarajan	1	1	-
Mrs. Sheril Theodore [@]	1	1	-
Ms. Manju Meenakshi ^{&}	1	1	-

[#] only in public companies

[@] up to 30.09.2024

[&] with effect from 01.10.2024

During the financial year 2024-25, the Board met five times i.e., on held on 28.05.2024, 13.08.2024, 05.09.2024, 09.11.2024 and 12.02.2025 with a time gap of 120 days between two meetings. No Board meeting was conducted through video conferencing or other audio-visual means.

The 34th Annual General Meeting (AGM) was held on 30.09.2024. The attendance records of all Directors are as under:

Name of the Directors	Board Meetings		Last AGM
	Held	Attended	Attendance
Mr. Vishal Keyal	5	5	Yes
Mr. Ashok Bohora	5	5	Yes
Mr. Munuswamy Sathiyamoorthy	5	5	Yes
Mr. Seshadari, M. Nagarajan	5	5	Yes
Mr.R. Ramesh	5	5	Yes
Mrs. Sheril Theodore [@]	3	3	NA
Ms. Manju Meenakshi ^{&}	2	2	NA

[@] up to 30.09.2024

[&] with effect from 01.10.2024



II. COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD

The Board has constituted various committees and the details of which are given below:

A. Audit Committee:

The Audit Committee has been constituted in conformity with the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, with not less than two-third of independent directors.

Audit committee meetings were held on 28.05.2024, 13.08.2024, 05.09.2024, 09.11.2024 and 12.02.2025 during the financial year 2024-25 and attendance of members is provided hereunder:

Name of the Members	Independent Director / Non-Independent	Position	Meetings	
			Held	Attended
Mr. R Ramesh	Independent Director	Chairman	4	4
Mr.Munusamy Sathiyamoorthy	Independent Director	Member	4	4
Mr. Vishal Keyal	Non-Independent Director	Member	4	4

B. Nomination cum Remuneration Committee:

The Company has a Nomination cum Remuneration Committee of the Board in conformity with the Act and SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. All member directors of the committee are independent directors. The committee meeting was held on 05.09.2024 during the financial year 2024-25 and attendance of members is provided hereunder:

Name of the Members	Independent Director / Non-Independent	Position	Meetings	
			Held	Attended
Mr. R Ramesh	Independent Director	Chairman	2	2
Mr.Munusamy Sathiyamoorthy	Independent Director	Member	2	2
Mrs. Sheril Theodore [®]	Non-Independent Director	Member	2	2
Ms. Manju Meenakshi ^{&}	Non-Independent Director	Member	-	-

[®] up to 30.09.2024

[&] with effect from 01.10.2024

Remuneration Policy:

The company has a remuneration policy in view of retaining of suitable employees with remuneration commensurate with size of the company, nature of the business and nature of duties and responsibilities of the employee. The Board of the company may fix remuneration to Directors and KMP on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration committee.

During the year 2024-25, the remuneration paid to executive directors is as follows:

Director	Remuneration in Rs.	Perks in Rs.	Total in Rs.
Mr. Vishal Keyal	9,00,000	-	9,00,000
Mr. Ashok Bohra	22,87,150	-	22,87,150

The Company has not paid any remuneration to the non-Executive Directors except sitting fees as under:

Name of the Directors	Sitting Fees paid			
	Board Meeting Rs.	Audit Committee Rs.	Nomination and Remuneration Committee Rs.	Total Sitting Fees Rs.
Mr. R. Ramesh	15,000	4,000	1,000	20,000
Mr Munuswamy Sathiyamoorthy	15,000	4,000	1,000	20,000
Mrs. Sheril Theodore	9,000	-	1,000	10,000
Ms. Manju Meenakshi	6,000	-	-	6,000
Total	45,000	8,000	3,000	56,000

C. Stakeholders Relationship Committee

The Board has a Stakeholders Relationship Committee. The Committee comprises of three member directors one of whom is non-executive director as chairman. The committee meetings were held on 06.05.2024, 28.08.2024, 30.09.2024, 23.10.2024 and 12.02.2025 during the financial year 2024-25 and attendance of members is provided hereunder:

Director	Executive / Non Executive	Position	Committee Meetings	
			Held	Attended
Mr. Munuswamy Sathiyamoorthy ^{&}	Non-Executive Director	Chairman	5	5
Mr. Vishal Keyal	Executive Director	Member	5	5
Mr. Ashok Bohra	Executive Director	Member	5	5

[&] with effect from 01.10.2023

Name and designation of compliance officer:

Ms. HENA SINGH,

Company Secretary & compliance officer

No. of shareholders complaints received	Number of complaints not solved to the satisfaction of Shareholders	Number of complaints pending as on 31.03.2025
NIL	NIL	NIL



3. Details of Annual General Meetings:

I. The details of about last three Annual General Meetings are given below:

Year	Date	Time	Venue
2021-22	30.09.2022	3.00 P.M	B27(M), SIPCOT Industrial Complex, Thiruvallur District, Tamil Nadu - 601 201
2022-23	30.09.2023	3.00 P.M	B27(M), SIPCOT Industrial Complex, Gumidipoondi, Thiruvallur District, Tamil Nadu - 601 201
2023-24	30.09.2024	3.00 P.M	B27(M), SIPCOT Industrial Complex, Gumidipoondi, Thiruvallur District, Tamil Nadu - 601 201

II. Details of Special resolutions passed

Year	Special Business
2021-22	•Reappointment of Mr.VishalKeyal (DIN:00092651) as Chairman andManaging Director.
2021-22	•Reappointment of Mr.Ashok Bohra (DIN :00187115) as whole-time director. Appointment of Mr. Munuswamy Sathiyamoorthy (DIN: 10308295) asan Independent Director
2023-24	•Appointment of Mrs. Manju Meenakshi (DIN: 10741482) as an Independent Director Increase of remuneration of Mr Ashok Bohra, (DIN: 00187115), Whole-time Director

4. POSTAL BALLOT:

During the Year, no special resolution was passed through Postal Ballot.

5. MEANS OF COMMUNICATION

The Quarterly/ Half-Yearly/Annual financial results of the Company are published in "Trinity Mirror" the English Daily" and "Makkal Kural" - Tamil Newspaper. The Quarterly I Half-Yearly/ Annual financial results and the shareholding pattern are properly reported with Stock Exchange and are available in the Website stock Exchange and the Company's website, www.kanishksteels.in.

Notice of General Meeting including Attendance slip, proxy form and polling paper are sent to all the shareholders by Registered Post or Speed post or Courier or through e-mail System. Annual Report is sent by Book post or email system or both at the desire of shareholders.

Further to the compliance of Regulation 46 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015, all the basic information about the Company is made available in the company's Website at all times at no cost for the benefit of all stakeholders concerned.

6. General shareholder information:

Dates of Book closure		24th September 2025 to 30th September 2025 (Both days inclusive)
Date, time and venue of Annual General Meeting		Through Video conference 30th September 2025 3.00 p.m.
Financial Calendar		Financial Reporting for the quarter ending 30th June 2025- Latest by 28th August 2025 30th Sept. 2025 - Latest by 14th Nov. 2025 31st Dec 2025 - Latest by 14th of Feb 2025 31st Mar 2026 - Latest by 30th May 2026
Dividend Payment		N.A
Listing on Stock Exchanges		Bombay Stock Exchange Limited
Depository Participant		National Securities Depository Limited Central Depository Services Limited
Scrip Code		513456
ISIN Number		INE 791E01018
Listing on Stock Exchange (overseas)		Nil
Plant Location		
Rolling & Furnace Mills		B-27 (M) , B-27 (N) SIPCOT Industrial Complex Gummudipoondi, Thiruvallur District, Tamilnadu- 601201.



Stock market price data

High / Low of monthly Market Price of the Company's Equity Shares traded on the Bombay Stock Exchange; Mumbai during the financial year 2024-25 is furnished below:

Month	Open Price	High Price	Low Price	Close Price	No. of Shares held	No. of trades
Apr-24	27.80	35.90	27.00	32.16	2,83,974	1760
May-24	32.99	35.39	29.16	29.16	2,91,519	1535
Jun-24	29.74	31.80	26.01	27.54	3,46,082	1600
Jul-24	27.00	30.64	26.62	28.72	2,26,037	1430
Aug-24	28.90	34.99	27.00	32.70	3,95,664	1739
Sep-24	33.97	37.77	28.39	36.78	7,00,007	2206
Oct-24	35.50	51.00	34.25	38.54	10,22,307	4541
Nov-24	39.50	41.00	31.83	32.94	1,51,106	891
Dec-24	33.75	35.88	31.30	33.88	1,25,470	754
Jan-25	33.88	35.80	27.00	28.06	1,96,249	1046
Feb-25	28.00	31.85	24.25	27.49	1,24,755	705
Mar-25	27.49	36.60	24.34	31.68	4,20,194	1257

Share transfer system

Share transfers are registered and returned to the transferees within the statutory time limit from the Date of receipt if the documents are in order in all respects. The share transfer committee has met four times during the year. No. of shares received for transfer/transmission upto 31.03.2025 is NIL Shares and shares pending for transfer as on 31.03.2025 is NIL.

Registrar and Transfer Agents is Cameo Corporate Services Limited

DISTRIBUTION OF HOLDINGS- NSDL & CDSL & PHYSICAL

Share or Debenture holding Rs.	Share / Debenture holding		Share / Debenture amount	
	Number	% of total	Number	% of total
10 - 5000	6528	88.1769	8522850	2.9971
5001 - 10000	420	5.6300	3440790	1.2100
10001 - 20000	193	2.5871	2925760	1.0288
20001 - 30000	73	0.9785	1902270	0.6689
30001 - 40000	37	0.4959	1362560	0.4791
40001 - 50000	36	0.4825	1715500	0.6032
50001 - 100000	56	0.7506	4268480	1.5010
100001 - And Above	67	0.8981	260222530	91.5114
Total :	7460	100.0000	284360740	100.0000

Share holding pattern as on 31st March 2025:

Category		No. of Shares Held	Percentage of Share holding
A	Shareholding of Promoter & Promoter Group		
1	Indian		
	- Individuals/ Hindu Undivided Family	1,28,17,508	45.07
	- Bodies Corporate	23,64,897	8.32
	Sub Total [A] [1]	15,182,405	53.39
2	Foreign		
	- Bodies Corporate	20,00,000	7.03
	- Any other Directors/Relative NRI	20,00,000	7.03
	Sub Total[A] [2]	40,00,000	14.06
	Total Share Holding of Promoter & Promoter Group {A= [A] [1] + [A] [2]}	19,182,405	67.45
B	Public Shareholding.		
	Institutions		
	Foreign Institutional Investor		
	Sub Total[B] [1]		
2	Non-Institutions		
a.	Bodies Corporate	4,840,991	17.02
b.	Individuals		
	I. Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital upto Rs. 2 Lakh	2,436,975	8.57
	II. Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital in excess of Rs. 2 Lakh	1,386,780	4.88
C.	Any Other		
	Clearing Members		
	HUF	4,35,754	1.53
	NRI	1,52,910	0.54
	LLP	259	0.00
	Sub Total[B] [2]	9,253,669	32.54
	Total Public Shareholding [B] [1]+ [B] [2]	9,253,669	32.54
	TOTAL(A+B)	28,436,074	100.00



Category		No. of Shares Held	Percentage of Share holding
C	Shares held by Custodians and against which Depository Receipts have been issued		
Total (A) + (B) + (C)		2,84,36,074	100.00

	No of Holders	No of Shares	% of Shares
NSDL	1788	18991000	66.7848
CDSL	2949	8904623	31.3145
Physical	2723	540451	1.9005

Demat of shares:

As per the directives of Securities & Exchange Board of India, the equity shares of the company are being traded in electronic form from 18.02.2002. The physical form of trading is also available to the shareholders. Electronic Holding by Members comprises of 98.0995% (as on 31.03.2025) of the paid-up share capital of the company held through National Securities Depository Limited and Central Depository Services Limited. The company appointed Cameo Corporate Services Limited as Registrar & Transfer Agent and entered into an agreement for availing depository services.

Request to Shareholders

The Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Management & Administration) Rules, 2014 requires the company to keep the Register of Members in Form No.MGT-1. As compared to the existing Register of Members under the old Act, the new Law calls for certain additional information to be recorded. In order that the company is facilitated to comply with same, shareholders are requested to send the following information for updating their records in our Register of Members:

Name of the member, Folio/ DP ID - Client ID, Email address, Permanent Account Number (PAN), GIN (in the case of company), Unique Identification Number, Father's/ Mother's/ Spouse's name, Occupation, Status, Nationality, In case of minor, name of guardian and date of birth of minor, Instructions, if any for sending Notice etc.,,

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors,

Date : 28-05-2025
Place : Chennai

VISHAL KEYAL
Chairman & Managing Director.

Annexure-III

Disclosure Statement of particulars of remuneration as per Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014:

The ratio of the remuneration of each director to the median remuneration of the employees of the company for the financial year:

Mr. Vishal Keyal: 8:1; Mr. Ashok Bohra: 14:1

- i. The percentage increase in remuneration of each director, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Executive Officer, Company Secretary or Manager, if any, in the financial year: No increase in remuneration in the financial year.
- ii. The percentage increase in the median remuneration of employees in the financial year: No increase in median remuneration of employees in the financial year.
- iii. The number of permanent employees on the rolls of company: 126 (which includes 2 directors and one CS)
- iv. The explanation on the relationship between average increase in remuneration and company performance: Not applicable as there is no increase in remuneration.
- v. Comparison of the remuneration of the Key Managerial Personnel against the performance of the company: No increase in remuneration of KMP.
- vi. Variations in the market capitalisation of the company, price earnings ratio as at the closing date of the current financial year and previous financial year and percentage increase over decrease in the market quotations of the shares of the company in comparison to the rate at which the company came out with the last public offer in case of listed companies, and in case of unlisted companies, the variations in the net worth of the company as at the close of the current financial year and previous financial year

	31.03.2025	31.03.2024
Market capitalisation (Rs.)	900854824	769764523
PE Ratio	10.81	29.74
% increase in market quote	17.03%	15.33%

- viii. Average percentile increase already made in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel in the last financial year and its comparison with the percentile increase in the managerial remuneration and justification thereof and point out if there are any exceptional circumstances for increase in the managerial remuneration:
No change in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel and the managerial remuneration.
- ix. Comparison of each remuneration of the Key Managerial Personnel against the performance of the company: No increase in remuneration of KMP.
- x. The key parameters for any variable component of remuneration availed by the directors: NIL
- xi. The ratio of the remuneration of the highest paid director to that of the employees who are not directors but receive remuneration in excess of the highest paid director during the year: No employee was in receipt of remuneration in excess of remuneration of any director.
- xii. Affirmation that the remuneration is as per the remuneration policy of the company: Remuneration is as per the remuneration policy of the company.



Annexure-IV

Form No. AOC-2

(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Form for disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arm's length transactions under third proviso thereto.

1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis

(i)	Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship	Nil (All contracts or arrangements or transactions with related parties were done at ordinary course of business and at arm's length basis).
(ii)	Nature of contracts/arrangements/transactions	
(iii)	Duration of the contracts / arrangements / transactions	
(iv)	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any	
(v)	Justification for entering into such contracts or arrangements or transactions	
(vi)	Date(s) of approval by the Board	
(vii)	Amount paid as advances, if any:	
(viii)	Date on which the special resolution was passed in general meeting as required under first proviso to section 188	

2. Details of material contracts or arrangement or transactions at arm's length basis

- (a) Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship
- (b) Nature of contracts/arrangements/transactions
- (c) Duration of the contracts / arrangements/transactions
- (d) Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any:
- (e) Date(s) of approval by the Board
- (f) Amount paid as advances, if any

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors,

Date : 28-05-2025
Place : Chennai

VISHAL KEYAL
Chairman & Managing Director.

Annexure-V

INFORMATION UNDER SECTION 134 (3) (m) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 READ WITH THE COMPANIES (ACCOUNTS) RULES, 2014.

A. CONSERVATION OF ENERGY

- i. The steps taken or impact on conservation of energy– NIL.
- ii. The steps taken by the company for utilizing alternate sources of energy –NIL
- iii. The capital investment on energy conservation equipments– NIL

B. TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION

- i. the efforts made towards technology absorption;
- ii. the benefits derived like product improvement, cost reduction, product development or import substitution
- iii. in case of imported technology (imported during the last three years reckoned from the beginning of the financial year)

(a) the details of technology imported	NIL
(b) the year of import	NIL
(c) whether the technology been fully absorbed	NIL
(d) if not fully absorbed, areas where absorption has not taken place, and the reasons thereof; and	NIL

- iv. the expenditure incurred on Research and Development.

C. FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO:

The Foreign Exchange earned in terms of actual inflows during the year and the Foreign Exchange outgo during the year in terms of actual outflows: (Rs. in Crore)

	FY 2024-25	FY 2023-24
Purchase of goods	72.74	8.87

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors,

Date : 28-05-2024

Place : Chennai

VISHAL KEYAL

Chairman & Managing Director.



Annexure-VI

CODE OF CONDUCT

As per Regulation 26(3) of SEBI (Listing Obligation & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 all members of the Board & Senior Management Personnel have affirmed compliance with the code of conduct for the year ended 31st March 2025.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors,

Date : 28-05-2025

Place : Chennai

VISHAL KEYAL

Chairman & Managing Director.

FORM NO. MR-3

SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31st March 2025

[Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,
The members of
Kanishk Steel Industries Limited.

We have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by Kanishk Steel Industries Limited (hereinafter called the "Company") [CIN: L27109TN1995PLC067863] for the financial year 2024-25. The Secretarial Audit was conducted based on the records made available to us, in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion/understanding thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and made available to us and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, we, on strength of those records, and information so provided, hereby report that in our opinion and understandings, the Company, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31st March 2025, has complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also in our limited review, the Company has proper and required Board processes and compliance mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms, and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and made available to us, for the financial year ended on 31st March 2024 according to the applicable provisions of:

- i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") and the rules made thereunder read with notifications, exemptions, and clarifications thereto issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs from time to time.
- ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 and the rules made thereunder, to the extent applicable.
- iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Byelaws framed thereunder.
- iv) (a) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent applicable.
(b) Overseas Direct Investment (ODI) and External Commercial Borrowings (ECBs)-**Not applicable as the Company has no ODI and ECBs, under review.**
- v) The following regulations and guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI ACT'), as amended:



- a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), Regulations, 2015
- b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011.
- c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015.
- d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018.
- e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021- **Not applicable as the Company has not issued any share-based employee benefits/sweat equity shares to its employees during the year under review;**
- f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021- **Not applicable as the Company has not issued any debt securities during the financial year under review.**
- g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client (**not applicable as the Company is not registered as Registrar to Issue and Share Transfer Agent during the year under review**)
- h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021 - **Not applicable as the Company has not delisted/ propose to delist its shares from any stock exchange during the financial year under review;**
- i) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018 - **Not applicable as the Company has not bought back/proposed to buyback any of its securities during the financial year under review.**
- vi) The other laws applicable specifically to the Company:
 - (a) Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974.
 - (b) Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981.
 - (c) Factories Act, 1948
 - (d) Electricity Act, 2003 and the rules made thereunder
 - (e) Environment Protection Act, 1986

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India (ICSI) with respect to Meetings of Board of Directors (SS-1) and the Meetings of General Meetings (SS-2) and Listing Agreement entered by the Company with BSE Limited.

During the period under review, the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc., mentioned above, to the extent applicable to them except the following: Delay in submission of the Annual Report to BSE [Regulation 34 of

SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015]. The Company has since regularized the compliance and applied for waiver of penalty levied by the stock exchange, which is under consideration.

We further report that

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with a balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors, and Independent Directors, including Woman Director.

Adequate notice was given to all Directors to schedule the Board and Committee Meetings agenda, and detailed notes on the agenda were sent in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

All decisions were taken unanimously at the Board and committee meetings. All resolutions were passed at the Annual General meeting with requisite majority.

We further report that during the Period under review, the Members of the Company at the 34th Annual General Meeting held on 30th September 2024 approved the following matters also:

- (i) Appointment of Mrs. Manju Meenakshi (DIN: 10741482) as an Independent Director for a period of five years commencing from 01.10.2024 to 30.09.2029.
- (ii) Increase of remuneration of Mr Ashok Bohra, (DIN: 00187115), Whole-time Director Rs. 1,50,000/- per month to Rs. 1,75,000/- (maximum) per month.

We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations, and guidelines.

For M K MADHAVAN & ASSOCIATES,
Company Secretaries,

M K MADHAVAN

Proprietor

Membership No.: F-8408 / C.P.No.: 16796

P.R. No. 1221/2021

UDIN: F008408F000464677

Date: 28.05.2025

Place: Chennai

[This Report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as Annexure-A and forms an integral part of this report.



Annexure A

Secretarial Audit Report for FY 2024–25

To,
The members of
Kanishk Steel Industries Limited.

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter:

Management's Responsibility:

1. Maintenance of Secretarial Records is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
2. We have followed the audit practices and processes that were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the secretarial records. The verification was done on a test-check basis to ensure that the correct facts are reflected in the secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of the financial records and Books of Account of the Company.
4. Wherever required, we have obtained the Management's representation about the compliance of laws, rules, and regulations and the occurrence of events.
5. The compliance of the provisions of corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, and standards is the responsibility of the management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on a test basis.
6. The Secretarial Audit Report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For **M K MADHAVAN & ASSOCIATES,**
Company Secretaries,
M K MADHAVAN
Proprietor
Membership No.: F-8408 / C.P.No.: 16796
P.R. No. 1221/2021

Date : 28.05.p2025
Place : Chennai

CERTIFICATE OF NON-DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS

[Pursuant to Regulation 34(3) and Schedule V Para C clause (10) (i) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015]

To

The Members of Kanishk Steel Industries Limited

We have examined the relevant registers, records, forms, returns and disclosures received from the Directors of Kanishk Steel Industries Limited having CIN: L27109TN1995PLC067863 and having registered office at B 27M, SIPCOT Industrial Complex, Gummidipoondi, Thiruvallur, Tamil Nadu, 601201 (here in after referred to as the Company), produced before us by the Company for the purpose of issuing this Certificate, in accordance with Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V Para-C Sub clause 10(i) of the Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

In our opinion and to the best of my information and according to the verifications (including Directors

Identification Number (DIN) status at the portal www.mca.gov.in) as considered necessary and explanations furnished to us by the Company & its officers, I hereby certify that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company as stated below for the Financial Year ending on 31st March, 2025 have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, and/or the Registrar of Companies or such other authority under the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, New Delhi as on 31st March 2025:



Sl No.	Name of the Director as per DIN	DIN	Date of Appointment as Director in the Company	Designation and remarks if any
1.	VISHAL KEYAL	00092651	29/05/2010	Chairman and Managing Director
2.	ASHOK BOHRA	00187115	01/06/2018	Whole time Director
3.	RANGASWAMY RAMESH	07849785	15/03/2018	Independent Director
4.	SESHADARI M NAGARAJAN	00483662	25/09/2020	Non - executive Director
5.	MUNUSWAMY SATHIYAMOORTHY	10308295	01/10/2023	Independent Director
6.	MANJU MEENAKSHI	10741482	01/10/2025	Independent Director

It is the responsibility of the management of the Company to ensure the eligibility for the appointments of Directors and their continuance as Directors on the Board. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the matter and this certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For MK MADHAVAN & ASSOCIATES
Company Secretaries

MK MADHAVAN

Proprietor

Membership No. : F-8408 / C.P. No. : 16796

P.R. No. 1221/2021

UDIN: F008408F000464743

Date : 28.05.2025

Place : Chennai

ANNUAL REPORT ON CSR ACTIVITIES TO BE INCLUDED IN THE BOARD'S REPORT

1. Brief Outline on CSR Policy of the Company:

The Company has adopted the CSR policy approved by the Board of Directors. The Company has been committed to furthering causes such as higher education, and community welfare for many years, covered under our CSR umbrella.

2. Composition of CSR Committee :

Name of Director Designation / Nature of Directorship	Position	Number of meetings of CSR Committee held during the year	Number of meetings of CSR Committee attended during the year
Mr. Vishal Keyal / Chairman and Managing Director	Chairman	1	1
Mr. Ashok Bohra / Whole-time Director and CFO	Member	1	1
Ms. Manju Meenakshi / Independent Director (Woman)	Member	1	1

3. Web-link where Composition of CSR Committee, CSR Policy and CSR Projects approved by the Board are disclosed on the website of the Company: www.kanishksteels.in

4. Executive summary along with web-link(s) of Impact Assessment of CSR Projects carried out in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 8, if applicable : **Not applicable.**

5. (a) Average net profit of the company as per sub-section (5) of section 135: Rs.816.70 Lakhs

(b) Two percent of average net profit of the company as per sub-section (5) of section 135: Rs.16.33 Lakhs.

(c) Surplus arising out of the CSR Projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years: Nil

(d) Amount required to be set-off for the financial year, if any: Nil

(e) Total CSR obligation for the financial year [(b) + (c) - (d)]: Rs.16.33 Lakhs.

6. (a) Amount spent on CSR Projects (both Ongoing Project and other than Ongoing Project): Rs.16.60 Lakhs.

(b) Amount spent in administrative overheads: Nil

(c) Amount spent on Impact Assessment, if applicable: Nil

(d) Total amount spent for the Financial Year [(a) + (b) + (c)]: Rs.16.60 Lakhs.



(e) CSR amount spent or unspent for the Financial Year:

Total amount Spent during Financial Year (in Rs.)	Amount unspent (in Rs.)				
	Total Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account as per section 135(6)		Amount transferred to any fund specified under Schedule VII as per second proviso to section 135(5).		
	Amount	Date of Transfer	Name of Fund	Amount	Date of Transfer
Rs.16.60 Lakhs	Nil				

(f) Excess amount for set-off, if any:

Sl. No.	Particular	Amount (in Rs.)
(1)	(2)	(3)
(i)	Two percent of average net profit of the company as per sub-section (5) of section 135	Rs.16.33 Lakhs.
(ii)	Total amount spent for the Financial Year	Rs.16.60 Lakhs.
(iii)	Excess amount spent for the Financial Year [(ii)-(i)]	Rs.0.27 Lakhs.
(iv)	Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous Financial Years, if any	Nil
(v)	Amount available for set off in succeeding Financial Years [(iii)-(iv)]	Rs.0.27 Lakhs.

7. Details of Unspent Corporate Social Responsibility amount for the preceding three Financial Years :

1	2	3	4	5	6		7	8
Sl.	Preceding Financial Year(s)	Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account under sub-section (6) of section 135 (in Rs.)	Balance Amount in Unspent CSR Account under sub-section (6) section 135 (in Rs.)	Amount Spent in the Financial Year (in Rs)	Amount transferred to a Fund as specified under Schedule VII as per second proviso to sub-section (5) of section 135, if any		Amount remaining to be spent in succeeding Financial Years (in Rs)	Deficiency, if any
					Amount (in) Rs	Date of Transfer		
1	FY-2023-2024			Nil				
2	FY-2022-2023			Nil				
3	FY-2021-2022			Rs.6.98 Lakhs.			Nil	NA

8. Whether any capital assets have been created or acquired through Corporate Social Responsibility amount spent in the Financial Year: No
9. Specify the reason(s), if the company has failed to spend two per cent of the average net profit as per sub-section (5) of section 135: NA

sd/-

VISHAL KEYAL

(Chairman CSR Committee).

Date : 28-05-2025

Place : Chennai



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of Kanishk Steel Industries Limited Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Kanishk Steel Industries Limited (the 'Company'), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2025, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of the material accounting policy information and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 (the 'Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') specified under Section 133 of the Act of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2025, and its profit including other comprehensive income, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the financial statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Financial Statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Financial Statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report. We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying Financial Statements:

Key audit matters	How the matter was addressed in our audit
<p>Allowance for credit losses for trade receivables</p> <p>In determination of allowance for expected credit loss, management's judgement involves consideration of ageing status, historical payment records, evaluation of litigations, the likelihood of collection based on the terms of the contract and the credit information of its customers.</p> <p>We considered this as key audit matter due to the materiality of the amounts and significant estimates and judgements as stated above.</p>	<p>Our audit procedures included the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • We tested the design and operative effectiveness of management's key internal controls over allowance for credit losses. • We assessed the completeness and accuracy of the information used in the estimation of probability of default and tested historical payment records, correspondence with customers, credit related information and subsequent collection of the customers balances. • We assessed the allowance for expected credit loss made by management and performed analysis of ageing of receivables, tested the mathematical accuracy and • computation of the allowance for credit losses.
<p>Revenue recognition (Refer Note 25 to financial statements of the Company)</p> <p>Revenue is one of the key profit drivers and is therefore susceptible to misstatement. Cut-off is the key assertion in so far as revenue recognition is concerned, since an inappropriate cut-off can result in material misstatement of results for the year.</p>	<p>Principal audit procedure performed:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Focusing on the Company's revenue recognition for compliance with Ind AS; • Testing the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of the Company's controls on recording revenue; • Performing Substantive testing for cut-off with verification of contractual terms of invoices, dispatch/deliveries receipts, • Inventory reconciliations and circularization of receivable balances and analytical review procedures. • Our test of details focused on cut-off samples to verify that only revenue pertaining to current year is recognized based on terms and conditions set out in sales contracts and delivery documents.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditors' Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Annual report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.



When we read the Annual report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance as required under SA 720 'The Auditor's responsibilities Relating to Other Information'.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements and those charged with governance for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs (financial position), profit or loss (financial performance including other comprehensive income), changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Financial statements:

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3) (i) of the Act, we are also responsible for explaining our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls;
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management;
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty

exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern; and

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Financial Statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2025 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1) As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 (the 'Order') issued by the Central Government of India in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in the Annexure A, a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2) As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit;
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
 - c) The balance sheet, the statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), the cash flow statement and the statement of changes in equity dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account;



- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended;
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2025 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act;
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the company with reference these financial statements and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our report as per “Annexure B” to this report. Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal control with reference to financial statements.
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.
- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements – Refer Note 34 to the financial statements
 - ii. the Company has made provision, as required under the applicable law or Ind AS, for material foreseeable losses, if any, on long-term contracts including derivative contracts;
 - iii. there has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year ended March 31, 2025;
 - iv. a) The Management has represented that to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity (“intermediaries”), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (“ultimate

beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries;

- b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
- c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b), contain any material misstatement.
- v. During the year the Company has not paid or declared dividend, accordingly compliance of provisions of section 123 are not applicable.
- vi. Based on our examination, which included test checks, the Company has used accounting software systems for maintaining its books of account for the financial year ended March 31, 2025 which have the feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software systems. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of the audit trail feature being tampered with and the audit trail has been preserved by the Company as per the statutory requirements for record retention.

**For Chaturvedi & Partners
Chartered Accountants
FRN 307068E**

**Maheswari M, FCA,
Partner
M. No. 241814
UDIN. 25241814BMKZBX3253**

**Chennai
28-05-2025**



Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Kanishk Steel Industries Limited, on the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

With reference to Annexure A referred in paragraph 1 in Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements of the Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the members of the Company on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025, we report that:

- (i) (a) (A) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, in our opinion, the Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.
(B) According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company does not have any intangible assets. Therefore, Clause (i)(a)(B) of the order is not applicable.
- (b) According to the information and explanation given to us and basis of our examination of the records of the company, the Company has a regular program of physically verifying all the Property, Plant and Equipment at its plants / offices in a phased manner over a period of three years, which in our opinion is reasonable having regard to the size of the company and the nature of its assets. No material discrepancies as compared to book records were noticed on such verification.
- (c) According to the information and explanation given to us and the records examined by us and based on examination of the registered sale deed / transfer deed/ conveyance deed provided to us, we report that title deed of free hold land are held in the name of the company as at the balance sheet date. In respect of immovable property of land that have been taken on lease and disclosed as property plant and equipment in the financial statements, the lease agreements are in the name of the company where the company is lessee in the agreement.
- (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) during the year. The Company does not have any intangible assets.
- (e) According to information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there are no proceedings initiated or pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder.
- (ii) (a) As informed, the inventories of the Company except for materials in transit have been physically verified at reasonable intervals by the management during the year. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the frequency of such verification is reasonable and no material discrepancies were noticed.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets. In our opinion, the quarterly returns or statements filed by the Company with such banks or financial institutions are in agreement with the books of account of the Company.
- (iii) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, the Company during the year,

- i. Has not made investments in Companies.
- ii. Has not made investments in Firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties.
- iii. Has provided advances in the nature of loans to its subsidiary and associates as follows
- iv. Has not provided guarantee or security during the year. Has provided advance in the nature of loan to employees as detailed below

Particulars	Guarantee	Security	Loans	Advance in the nature of Loan Rs in Lakhs
Aggregate of amount granted during the year	Nil	Nil	Nil	54.94
Aggregate amount outstanding at the end of the year	Nil	Nil	Nil	23.87

- (b) The loans and advances in the nature of loans to employees, being short term loans payable on demand are interest free and granted as the part of the terms of employment are not prima facie prejudicial to the interest of the Company.
- (c) The schedule of repayment has not been stipulated and are governed by terms of employment policy of the company and such repayments are generally regular.
- (d) The said employee advances in the nature of loans being repayable on demand and receipts are regular as the employees has paid to the extent of demand made by the Company during the year, there is no overdue amount of advance granted to such Company for more than 90 days.
- (e) The Company has not granted advances in the nature of loans during the year to employees to settle the overdues of existing advances given to the same employees. Accordingly, the requirement to report on this is not applicable to the Company.
- (F) The Company has made advances in the nature of loan repayable on demand to the employees as per terms of the employment and such advances are recovered generally in accordance with the terms of the employment/policy of the company. Details are:

Particulars	Employees	Promoter	Related Parties
Aggregate amount of employee advances in the nature of loans - Repayable on demand and with the terms of the employment/policy of the company	₹54.94Lakhs	-	-
Percentage of loans/ advances in nature of loans to the total loans	100%	-	-

- (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has complied with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 with respect of loans and investments made and providing guarantees and securities as applicable.



- (v) According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits from the public to which the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of section 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rule, 2014 as amended would apply. Accordingly, paragraph 3(v) is not applicable to the company.
- (vi) We have broadly reviewed the books of account maintained by the Company pursuant to the Rules made by the Central Government for the maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Act in respect of Company's products and services and are of the opinion that, prima facie, the prescribed accounts and records have been made and maintained. However, we have not made a detailed examination of the cost records with a view to determine whether they are accurate or complete.
- (vii) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, duty of customs, goods and service tax, cess and other material statutory dues, as applicable, with the appropriate authorities. Further, no undisputed amounts payable in respect thereof were outstanding at the year-end for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
- (b) The dues outstanding in respect of income-tax, sales tax, duty of customs, duty of excise and value added tax on account of any dispute, are as follows:

Statute Name	Nature of dues	Amount	Forum where dispute is pending
Central Excise Law	Dispute relating to re-fixation of Annual capacity	₹9 Lakhs Plus equal amount of penalty of ₹9 Lakhs plus interest thereon.	Hon'ble High Court of Madras.
Income tax Act, 1961	Income tax	₹558.43 Lakhs	The Assessing Officer – CPC Bengaluru/ Chennai
Income tax	TDS	₹14.40 Lakhs	Assessing Officer

- (viii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transactions, previously unrecorded as income in the books of account, in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 as income during the year.
- (ix) On the basis of verification of records, on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company and according to the information and explanations given to us,
- (a) The Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender during the year.
- (b) The Company is not declared willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender / Government Authority.

- (c) To the best of our knowledge and belief, in our opinion, term loans availed by the Company were, applied by the Company during the year for the purposes for which the loans were obtained.
- (d) According to the information and explanations given to us, and the procedures performed by us, and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, the Company has not utilized funds raised on short-term basis for long-term purposes.
- (e) According to the information and explanation given to us and on overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, the Company does not hold any investment in any subsidiary, associate or joint venture (as defined under Companies Act, 2013) during the year ended March 31, 2025. Accordingly, clause 3(ix)(e) is not applicable.
- (f) The Company does not have any subsidiary or associate or joint venture and hence reporting on clause 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable.
- (x) (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company did not raise any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) or term loans during the year and therefore clause 3(xa) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
(b) Based Upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under review. Accordingly, provisions of clause 3(xb) of the Order are not applicable.
- (xi) (a) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, we have neither come across any instance of material fraud by the Company or on the Company, noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of any such case by the Management.
(b) According to the information and explanations given to us, no report under sub-section (12) of Section 143 of the Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
(c) As represented to us by the management, there are no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- (xii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Therefore, the provisions of clause 3 (xii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is in compliance with Section 188 and 177 of the Companies Act, 2013, where applicable, for all transactions with the related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements.
- (xiv) (a) Based on information and explanations provided to us and our audit procedures, in our opinion, the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
(b) The internal audit reports of the Company issued till date of the audit report, for the period under audit have been considered by us.
- (xv) Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations



given by the management, the company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him covered under section 192 of the Act. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (xv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

- (xvi) (a to c) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Hence, reporting under clause (xvi) (a), (b) and (c) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable.
- (d) The Company does not have any Core Investment Company (CIC) as part of the group and accordingly reporting under clause (xvi) (d) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xvii) Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the company has not incurred cash losses during the current and immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xix) On the basis of the financial ratios disclosed in Note 43 to the financial statements, ageing and expected dates of realization of current assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- (xx) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has during the year spent the amount of Corporate Social Responsibility as required under sub-section (5) of Section 135 of the Act. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the records, the company does not have any ongoing projects. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx) (b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xxi) The Company is not required to prepare consolidated financial statements. Hence reporting under Clause 3(xx) of the Order is not applicable.

For Chaturvedi & Partners
Chartered Accountants
FRN 307068E
Maheswari M, FCA
Partner

Chennai
28-05-2025

M. No. 241814
UDIN. 25241814BMKZBX3253

Annexure B to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Kanishk Steel Industries Limited, on the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of Kanishk Steel Industries Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2025 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of the Company's business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing as specified under section 143 (10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both issued by ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to these standalone financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to these standalone financial statements.



Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting with reference to these financial statements

A company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting with reference to these financial statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements and such internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2025, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI.

**For Chaturvedi & Partners
Chartered Accountants
FRN 307068E**

**Date : 28-05-2025
Place : Chennai**

**Maheswari M, FCA
Partner
M. No. 241814**

UDIN. 25241814BMKZBX3253

BALANCE SHEET AS AT MARCH 31, 2025

All Amounts are in ₹ Lakhs unless otherwise stated

PARTICULARS	Note No.	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
ASSETS			
1. NON CURRENT ASSETS			
a. Property, Plant and Equipment	6	3,107.02	3,261.56
b. Right to Use Assets	6	13.16	13.36
c. Capital Work in Progress	6	4,330.03	2,034.57
d. Financial Assets			
i) Investments	7	964.86	1,656.93
ii) Other Financial Assets	8	788.91	759.87
e. Assets classified as held for sale	6	14.52	-
Total Non Current Assets		9,218.50	7,726.29
2. CURRENT ASSETS			
a. Inventories	9	5,935.00	2,648.35
b. Financial Assets			
(i) Trade Receivables	10	1,783.74	2,137.63
(ii) Cash & Cash Equivalent	11	17.17	357.12
(iii) Bank Balances other than (ii) above	12	260.73	189.75
(iv) Loans and Advances	13	17.10	261.55
c. Other Current Assets	14	990.18	1,700.41
d. Assets classified as held for sale	6	-	4,181.00
Total Current Assets		9,003.92	11,475.80
Total Assets		18,222.42	19,202.09
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
1. EQUITY			
a. Equity Share Capital	15	2,846.57	2,846.57
b. Other Equity	16	7,738.50	6,902.94
Total Equity		10,585.07	9,749.51
2. NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
a. Borrowings	17	11.25	2,190.80
b. Deferred Tax Liabilities	18	494.04	299.25
c. Provisions	19	41.35	41.91
Total Non Current Liabilities		546.64	2,531.96



PARTICULARS	Note No.	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
3. CURRENT LIABILITIES			
a. Financial Liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	20	2,513.82	3,254.90
(ii) Trade Payables			
Total Outstanding dues to Micro and Small Enterprises		140.30	14.40
Total Outstanding dues of Creditors other than Micro and Small Enterprises	21	1,396.43	2,033.99
(iii) Other Financial Liabilities	22	2,648.06	1,492.97
b. Other Current Liabilities	23	142.07	89.76
c. Provision	24	250.03	34.59
Total Current Liabilities		7,090.71	6,920.62
Total Liabilities		7,637.35	9,452.58
Total Equity and Liabilities		18,222.42	19,202.09

Significant Accounting Policies and other accompanying notes (1-45) form an integral part of the Financial Statements

As per the report of event date annexed

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For CHATURVEDI & PARTNERS

Chartered Accountants
FRN 307068E

MAHESWARI M, FCA

Partner
Membership No:241814

Date : 28-05-2025

Place : Chennai

Kanishk Steel Industries Limited

VISHAL KEYAL

Chairman & Managing Director
DIN No.00092651

ASHOK BOHRA

Whole-time Director & CFO
DIN No.00187115

HENA SINGH

Company Secretary
Membership No: A26868

STATEMENT OF PROFIT & LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

All Amounts are in ₹ Lakhs unless otherwise stated

PARTICULARS	Note No.	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
1. Income			
a. Revenue from Operations	25	36,000.76	38,808.03
b. Other Income	26	1,163.47	666.04
Total Income		37,164.23	39,474.07
2. Expenses			
a. Cost of Material Consumed	27	26,725.81	29,194.96
b. Purchases of Stock In Trade		1,374.43	3,539.48
c. Changes in Inventories of finished goods and Work in Progress	28	(2,119.92)	716.52
d. Employee Benefit Expenses	29	710.77	530.02
e. Finance Costs	30	382.76	435.47
f. Depreciation and Amortisation expenses	6	196.71	525.25
g. Other expenses	31	8,498.27	4,150.86
Total Expenses		35,768.83	39,092.58
3. Profit before exceptional items and tax (1 - 2)		1,395.40	381.49
4. Exceptional Items		-	-
5. Profit before Tax (3 + 4)		1,395.40	381.49
6. Tax Expense			
I. Current Tax		207.99	-
II. Deferred tax		194.77	93.01
III. Earlier Year Taxation Adjustments		160.54	28.46
7. Profit for the year (5 - 6)		832.10	260.02
8. Other Comprehensive Income			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
- Remeasurement of the defined benefit plans		3.46	5.37
- Tax impact		-	-
Total Comprehensive Income for the year		3.46	5.37
Total Comprehensive Income for the year, net of tax		835.56	265.40



PARTICULARS	Note No.	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
9. Earnings Per Share (EPS) of Rs.10 each (not annualised) Basic and Diluted EPS (In Rs.)		2.93	0.91

Significant Accounting Policies and other accompanying notes (1-45) form an integral part of the Financial Statements

As per the report of event date annexed

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For CHATURVEDI & PARTNERS
Chartered Accountants
FRN 307068E

M MAHESWARI, FCA
Partner
Membership No:241814

Date : 28.05.2025
Place : Chennai

Kanishk Steel Industries Limited

VISHAL KEYAL
Chairman & Managing Director
DIN No.00092651

ASHOK BOHRA
Whole-time Director & CFO
DIN No.00187115

HENA SINGH
Company Secretary
Membership No: A26868

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

All Amounts are in ₹ Lakhs unless otherwise stated

PARTICULARS	Year Ended March 31, 2025	Year Ended March 31, 2024
A.CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES :		
Net Profit before Tax:	1,395.41	381.49
Adjustments for :		
Depreciation / Amortisation	196.71	525.25
Rent received	-	-
Profit / (loss) on Fair Valuation of investments through profit & loss account	692.07	(549.12)
Unrealised foreign exchange (gain) / loss	-	(8.20)
(Profit) / Loss on sale of PPE Plant and Equipment	(1,021.05)	(3.27)
(Profit)/ Loss on sale of Shares	-	-
Interest Income	(47.74)	(43.22)
Interest Expense	382.76	435.47
	202.75	356.91
Operating Profit before working capital changes	1,598.16	738.40
Adjustments for :		
(Increase)/ Decrease in Trade Receivables	353.89	619.58
(Increase)/Decrease in Inventories	(3,286.65)	1,796.81
(Increase)/ Decrease in Loans & Advances	244.45	6.06
(Increase)/ Decrease in Other Current Assets	549.68	630.84
(Increase) / Decrease in Other Financials Assets	(29.04)	(318.46)
Increase/ (Decrease) in Trade Payables, Other Financial and non financial liabilities and provisions	(501.32)	(538.50)
Increase/ (Decrease) in Other Current and non Current Liabilities	52.31	-
Increase/ (Decrease) in Other Financial Liabilities	1,155.09	2,196.33
	-	-
	(1,461.59)	-
	136.57	2,934.75



PARTICULARS	Year Ended 31-03-2025	Year Ended 31-03-2024
Less: Taxes Paid	-	411.62
Net Cash Flow from operating activities (A)	136.57	3,346.37
B.CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES :		
Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment (net)	(107.44)	(2,948.28)
Interest received	47.74	43.22
Profit on Sales of Assets	-	3.27
Placement / Realisation of Fixed Deposits	(70.97)	166.37
(Purchase)/Sale of Investments	5,253.00	30.34
Changes in Capital WIP	(2,295.46)	(360.79)
Net Cash Flow from Investing activities (B)	2,826.87	(3,065.87)
C. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES :		
Repayment of non current borrowings	(2,179.55)	(431.45)
Proceeds/ (Repayment) from non current borrowings	(741.08)	-
Cash inflow from Term Loan		53.98
Availment/(Repayment) of Short term borrowings		880.04
Interest paid	(382.76)	(435.47)
Availment/(Repayment) of Short term borrowings	-	-
Increase/ (Decrease) in Other Financial Liabilities	-	-
Interest paid	-	-
Net Cash Flow from Financing activities (C)	(3,303.39)	67.10
Net Increase in cash Equivalents (A) + (B) + (C)	(339.95)	347.59
Cash & Cash Equivalents (Opening Balance)	357.12	9.53
Cash & Cash Equivalents (Closing Balance)	17.17	357.12
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash & Cash Equivalents	(339.95)	347.59

PARTICULARS	Year Ended 31-03-2025	Year Ended 31-03-2024
Notes :		
1. Component of Cash and Cash Equivalent:		
a) Cash in Hand	6.05	8.64
b) Balances with Bank		
- In Current Accounts	11.11	13.49
- FDR -	-	
Total	17.16	22.13

- The above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under "Indirect Method" as set out in Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) - 7 on Statement of Cash Flows.
- Ind AS 7 Cash flow statements requires the entities to provide disclosure that enable users of financial statements to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flows and non-cash changes, suggesting inclusion of a reconciliation between the opening and closing balances in the Balance Sheet of liabilities arising from financing activities, to meet the disclosure requirements.

Description	As at 31.03.2024	Cash flows*	Non- Cash Flows	As at 31.03.2025
Long Term Borrowings	2,190.80	(2,179.55)	-	11.25
Short Term Borrowings	3,254.90	(741.08)	-	2,513.82

Significant Accounting Policies and other accompanying notes (1-45) form an integral part of the Financial Statements

As per the report of event date annexed

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For CHATURVEDI & PARTNERS

Chartered Accountants
FRN 307068E

M MAHESWARI, FCA

Partner
Membership No:241814

KANISHK STEEL INDUSTRIES LIMITED

VISHAL KEYAL

Chairman & Managing Director
DIN No.00092651

ASHOK BOHRA

Whole-time Director & CFO
DIN No.00187115

Date : 28-05-2025

Place : Chennai

HENA SINGH

Company Secretary
Membership No: A26868

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

A. Equity Share Capital

1. As at March 31, 2025

Balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	Changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors	Restated balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	Changes in equity share capital during the current year	Balance at the end of the current reporting period
2,846.57	-	2,846.57	-	2,846.57

2. As at March 31, 2024

Balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	Changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors	Restated balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	Changes in equity share capital during the current year	Balance at the end of the current reporting period
2,846.57	-	2,846.57	-	2,846.57

B. Other Equity as on March 31, 2025

Particulars	Reserve & Surplus						Total
	Capital Reserve	Capital Redemption Reserve	Securities Premium	Revaluation Reserve	General Reserve	Retained Earnings	
As at March 31, 2025							
Balance as at March 31, 2024	87.32	3.00	987.12	305.19	-	5,545.75	(25.44)
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	832.10	-
Other Comprehensive Income for the year - Transfer from/to Retained Earning	-	-	-	(47.05)	-	47.05	-
Balance as at March 31, 2025	87.32	3.00	987.12	258.14	-	6,424.90	-21.98
As at March 31, 2024							
Balance as at March 31, 2023	87.32	3.00	987.12	352.24	-	5,238.68	(30.81)
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	260.02	-
Other Comprehensive Income for the year - Transfer from/to Retained Earning	-	-	-	(47.05)	-	47.05	-
Balance as at March 31, 2024	87.32	3.00	987.12	305.19	-	5,545.75	(25.44)

Refer Note no.16 for nature and purpose of reserves

Significant Accounting Policies and other accompanying notes (1-45) form an integral part of the Financial Statements

As per the report of event date annexed

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

KANISHK STEEL INDUSTRIES LIMITED**Chartered Accountants**
FRN 307068E**Maheswari M, FCA**
Partner
Membership No.:241814

Date : 28-05-2025

Place : Chennai

VISHAL KEVAL
Chairman & Managing Director
DIN No.00092651**ASHOK BOHRA**
Whole-time Director & CFO
DIN No.00187115**HENA SINGH**
Company Secretary
Membership No.: A26868

KANISHK STEEL INDUSTRIES LIMITED

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

1. Corporate Information

Kanishk Steel Industries Limited (“the Company”), having CIN L27109TN1995PLC067863 is engaged in the manufacture and supply of Iron and Steel Products.

The Company was incorporated as private company in the year 1989 under the provisions of Companies Act, 1956 and converted to a public limited company in the year 1995. The Company's shares are listed on the Bombay Stock Exchange Limited and the shares are traded regularly. The registered office of the company is at B27M, SIPCOT Industrial Complex, Gummidipoondi, Thiruvallur District – 601 201, Tamilnadu.

These financial statements have been approved and adopted by the Board of Directors of the Company in their meeting held on May 28, 2025.

2. Basis of preparation and presentation of Financial Statements

a) Statement of Compliance

Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under the section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended from time to time) and presentation and disclosures requirement of Division II of revised Schedule III of the Companies Act 2013, (Ind AS Compliant Schedule III), as applicable to financial statement.

Accordingly, the Company has prepared these Financial Statements which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2025, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Statement of Cash Flows and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended as on that date, and accounting policies and other explanatory information (together hereinafter referred to “Financial Statements”).

Accounting Policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued Indian Accounting Standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing Indian Accounting Standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

The financial statements provide comparative information in respect of previous year

The material accounting policies used in preparing the financial statements are set out in note no. 3

b) Functional and Presentation Currency:

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (₹) which is the Company's functional and presentation currency, and all amounts are rounded to the nearest lakh and two decimals thereof, except as otherwise stated.

c) Basis of preparation and presentation

- a) The financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention, unless otherwise stated. All assets and liabilities are



classified into current and non-current generally based on the nature of product/activities of the Company and the normal time between acquisition of assets/ Liabilities and their realisation/settlement in cash or cash equivalent. The Company has determined its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of classification of its assets and liabilities as current and non-current.

b) Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 102, leasing transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 116, fair value of plan assets within scope of Ind AS 19 and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realizable value in Ind AS 2 or value in use in Ind AS 36.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorized into Level 1, 2, or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurements in its entirety, which are described as follows:

Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;

Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and

Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. The Financial Statement is presented in INR and all values are rounded to the nearest lakhs except when otherwise stated.

c) Current and non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current / noncurrent classification.

An asset is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- It is expected to be realized in, or is intended for sale or consumption in, the Company's normal operating cycle. it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- It is expected to be realized within 12 months after the reporting date; or
- It is cash or cash equivalent unless it is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- it is expected to be settled in the Company's normal operating cycle;
- it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- it is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting date; or the Company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.
- All other liabilities are classified as non-current.
- The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has identified 12 months as its operating cycle.
- Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as noncurrent only.

3. Material Accounting Policies Information

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of the financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated

a) Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE)

Property, plant and equipment including bearer assets are carried at historical cost of acquisition or deemed cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss, if any. Historical cost includes its purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes after deducting trade discounts and rebates and any cost directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Subsequent expenditure related to an asset is added to its book value only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. All repairs and maintenance are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss during the financial year in which these are incurred.

The company's lease Land has been separately shown under PPE as Right of Use (ROU) Assets. Capital Work-in-progress includes developmental expenses, equipment to be installed, construction and erection materials etc. Such costs are added to related PPE and are classified to the appropriate categories when completed and ready for intended use.

b) Capital work-in-progress:

Expenditure related to and incurred on implementation of new/ expansion-cum-modernisation projects is included under capital work-in-progress until the relevant assets are ready for its intended use. All other expenditure (including trial run / test run expenditures) during construction / erection period (net of income) are shown as part of pre-operative expenditure pending allocation / capitalization and the same is allocated to the respective asset on completion of its construction/ erection.



c) Intangible assets

Software costs are included in the balance sheet as intangible assets when it is probable that associated future economic benefits would flow to the Company. In this case they are measured initially at purchase cost and then amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. All other costs on patents, trademarks and software are expensed in the statement of profit and loss as and when incurred.

Expenditure on research activities is recognized as an expense in the period in which it is incurred. Costs incurred on individual development projects are recognized as intangible assets from the date when all of the following conditions are met:

- a. Completion of the development is technically feasible.
- b. It is the intention to complete the intangible asset and use or sell it.
- c. Ability to use or sell the intangible asset.
- d. It is clear that the intangible asset will generate probable future economic benefits.
- e. Adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and to use or sell the intangible asset are available.
- f. It is possible to reliably measure the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during its development.

Recognition of costs as an asset is ceased when the project is complete and available for its intended use, or if these criteria are no longer applicable.

Where development activities do not meet the conditions for recognition as an asset, any associated expenditure is treated as an expense in the period in which it is incurred.

Subsequent to initial recognition, intangible assets with definite useful lives are reported at cost or deemed cost applied on transition to Ind AS, less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses.

Cost of computer software packages including directly attributable cost, if any, acquired for internal use, is allocated / amortized over a period of 3 years (being estimated useful life thereof) on Straight line method.

d) Leases

The Company's lease asset classes primarily consist of Lease hold land. The Company assesses whether a contract contains a lease, at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether: (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset (ii) the Company has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and (iii) the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset.

At the date of commencement of the lease, the Company recognizes a right-of-use asset ("ROU") and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements, except for leases with a term of twelve months or less (short-term leases) and low value leases. For these short-term and low value leases, the Company recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Certain lease arrangements include the options to extend or terminate the lease before the end of the lease term. ROU assets and lease liabilities include these options considered for arriving at ROU and lease liability when it is reasonably certain that they will be exercised.

The lease liability is initially measured at amortized cost at the present value of the future lease payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if not readily determinable, using the incremental borrowing rates of these leases. Lease liabilities are re-measured with a corresponding adjustment to the related right of use asset if the Company changes its assessment, whether it will exercise an extension or a termination option.

The right-of-use assets are initially recognized at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or prior to the commencement date of the lease plus any initial direct costs less any lease incentives. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

The company has taken land on long term lease. There are no commitment towards monthly/ yearly lease payments accordingly lease liability and its corresponding disclosures does not arise.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated from the commencement date on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and useful life of the underlying asset. Right of use assets are evaluated for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. For the purpose of impairment testing, the recoverable amount (i.e. the higher of the fair value less cost to sell and the value-in-use) is determined on an individual asset basis unless the asset does not generate cash flows that are largely independent of those from other assets. In such cases, the recoverable amount is determined for the Cash Generating Unit (CGU) to which the asset belongs.

e) Depreciation and amortization of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets

Depreciation or amortization is provided so as to write off, on a straight-line basis, the cost/deemed cost of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets, including those held under finance leases to their residual value. These charges are commenced from the dates the assets are available for their intended use and are spread over their estimated useful economic lives or, in the case of leased assets, over the lease period, if shorter. The estimated useful lives of assets, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed regularly and, when necessary, revised.

Depreciation on assets under construction commences only when the assets are ready for their intended use. The estimated useful lives for main categories of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets are:

Category	Useful life(Years)
Factory Building	30
Plant & Machinery	8 - 20
Electrical installation	10
Furniture and fixtures	10
Vehicles	8
Crane	20
Office equipment	5

Land and building held for use in the production or for administrative purposes are stated in the balance sheet at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Freehold land is not depreciated.



Right-of-use assets (ROU) are depreciated from the commencement date on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and useful life of the underlying asset.

Capital work in progress includes machinery to be installed, construction and erection materials and unallocated pre-operative expenditure consisting of costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

The cost of replacing part of an item of property, plant and equipment or subsequent expenditure on Property, Plant and Equipment arising on account of capital improvement or other factors are accounted for as separate components. The costs of the day-to-day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognized in the income statement when incurred. Assets to be disposed of are reported at the lower of the carrying value or the fair value less cost to sell

Assets values up to ₹5,000 are fully depreciated in the year of acquisition..

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed, and adjusted as appropriate, at each reporting date.

f) Impairment

At each balance sheet date, the Company reviews the carrying value of its property, plant and equipment and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that the carrying value of those assets may not be recoverable through continuing use. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is reviewed in order to determine the extent of impairment loss, if any. Where the asset does not generate cash flows that are independent from other assets, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted. An impairment loss is recognized in the statement of profit and loss as and when the carrying value of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying value of the asset (or cash generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount so that the increased carrying value does not exceed the carrying value that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized or the asset (or cash generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized in the statement of profit and loss immediately.

g) De-recognition of Tangible and Intangible Assets

An item of PPE/Intangible Assets is de-recognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from its use or disposal. Gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of PPE is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

h) Impairment of Tangible and Intangible Assets

Tangible, Intangible assets and ROU Assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date for impairment. In case events and circumstances indicate any impairment, recoverable amount of assets is determined. An impairment loss is recognized in the statement of profit and loss, whenever the carrying amount of assets either belonging to Cash Generating Unit (CGU) or otherwise exceeds recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of assets' fair value less cost to disposal and its value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows from the use of the assets are discounted to their present value at appropriate rate. Impairment losses recognized earlier may no longer exist or may have come down. Based on such assessment at each reporting period the impairment loss is reversed and recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss. In such cases the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the lower of its recoverable amount and the carrying amount that have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risk specific to the asset.

i) Non-current assets held for sale:

The Company classifies non-current assets as held for sale if their carrying amounts will be recovered principally through a sale rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the asset is available

for immediate sale in its present condition subject only to terms that are usual and customary for sales of such asset and its sale is highly probable. Also, such assets are classified as held for sale only if the management expects to complete the sale within one year from the date of classification. Non-current assets classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and the fair value less cost to sell, except for financial assets which are measured as per Ind AS 109 "Financial Instruments". Non-current assets are not depreciated or amortised

j) Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

i. Non-Derivative Financial Instruments

a. Initial Recognition

The Company recognizes financial assets and financial liabilities when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All financial assets and liabilities are recognized at fair value on initial recognition. Trade Receivables are initially recognised at transaction price where that do not contain any significant portion of financing component.

Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or release of financial assets and financial liabilities respectively, which are not at fair value through profit or loss, are added to the fair value of underlying financial assets and liabilities on initial recognition. Trade receivables and trade payables that do not contain a significant financing component are initially measured at their transaction price.

b. Subsequent Measurement

Financial assets carried at amortised cost



A financial asset is subsequently measured at amortised cost which is held with objective to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

c. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

A financial asset is subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income which is held with objective to achieve both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

d. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories are subsequently fair valued through profit or loss. The Company has elected to measure its investments which are classified as equity instruments (other than investment in shares of Subsidiaries, Joint Ventures and Associates) at fair value through profit and loss account.

e. Impairment of financial assets

The Company recognizes loss allowances using the expected credit loss (ECL) model for the financial assets which are not fair valued through profit or loss. For impairment purposes significant financial assets are tested on an individual basis, other financial assets are assessed collectively in groups that share similar credit risk characteristics.

The Company recognises lifetime expected losses for all trade receivables. For all other financial assets, expected credit losses are measured at an amount equal to the 12 month expected credit losses or at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk on the financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition. Any adjustment required to align the loss allowance with the expected credit losses at the reporting date, whether an increase or a reversal, is recognized as an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss.

The Company follows 'simplified approach' for the recognition of impairment loss allowance on trade and other receivables. The application of simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition.

The Company uses a provision matrix to determine impairment loss allowance on portfolio of its trade receivables. The provision matrix is based on its historically observed default rates over the expected life of the receivables and is adjusted for forward-looking estimates. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed.

f. Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss includes financial liability held for trading and financial liability designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit and loss.

ii. Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

iii. Reclassification of financial assets

The Company determines classification of financial assets and liabilities on initial recognition. After initial recognition, no reclassification is made for financial assets which are equity instruments and financial liabilities. For financial assets which are debt instruments, a reclassification is made only if there is a change in the business model for managing those assets. Changes to the business model are expected to be infrequent. The company's senior management determines change in the business model as a result of external or internal changes which are significant to the Company's operations. Such changes are evident to external parties. A change in the business model occurs when the company either begins or ceases to perform an activity that is significant to its operations. If the company reclassifies financial assets, it applies the reclassification prospectively from the reclassification date which is the first day of the immediately next reporting period following the change in business model. The company does not restate any previously recognised gains, losses (including impairment gains or losses) or interest.

iv. Derivatives and Hedge Accounting

The company enters into derivative financial instruments such as foreign exchange forward contracts to mitigate the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates in respect of financial instruments and forecasted cash flows denominated in certain foreign currencies. The Company uses hedging instruments which provide principles on the use of such financial derivatives consistent with the risk management strategy of the Company. The hedge instruments are designated and documented as hedges and effectiveness of hedge instruments is assessed and measured at inception and on an ongoing basis to reduce the risk associated with the exposure being hedged.

Any derivative that is either not designated as a hedge, or is so designated but is ineffective as per Ind AS 109 "Financial Instruments", is categorized as a financial asset/liability, at fair value through profit or loss. Transaction costs attributable to the same are also recognized in statement of profit and loss.

Derivative instruments are initially recognized at their fair values on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at fair value on each reporting date. Changes in the fair value of the derivative hedging instrument designated as a fair value hedge are recognized in the statement of profit and loss. Changes in the fair value of the derivative hedging instrument designated as a cash flow hedge are recognized in other comprehensive income and presented within equity as cash flow hedging reserve to the extent that the hedge is effective.

Hedging instrument which no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting, expires or is sold, terminated or exercised, then hedge accounting is discontinued prospectively. Any gain or loss recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity remains therein till that time and thereafter to the extent hedge accounting being discontinued is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss. When a forecasted transaction is no longer expected to occur, the cumulative gain or loss accumulated in equity is transferred to the statement of profit and loss



v. De-recognition of financial instruments

The Company derecognizes a financial asset or a group of financial assets when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party.

On de-recognition of a financial asset, the difference between the asset's carrying amounts and the sum of the consideration received and receivable are recognized in statement of profit and loss.

On de-recognition of assets measured at FVTOCI the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to statement of profit and loss as a reclassification adjustment.

Financial liabilities are derecognized if the Company's obligations specified in the contract expire or are discharged or cancelled. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid and payable is recognized in statement of profit and loss.

k) Cash and cash equivalents

All highly liquid financial instruments, which are readily convertible into determinable amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value and are having original maturities of three months or less from the date of purchase, are considered as cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents includes balances with banks which are unrestricted for withdrawal and usage.

l) Inventories

- i. Inventories are valued at lower of the cost or net realizable value. Cost of inventories is ascertained on 'weighted average' basis. Materials and her supplies held for use in the production of inventories are not written down below cost if the finished products in which they will be incorporated are expected to be sold at or above cost.
- ii. Cost in respect of raw materials and stores and spares includes expenses incidental to procurement of the same. Cost of finished goods and those under progress represents raw material cost plus costs of conversion, comprising labour costs and an attributable proportion of manufacturing overheads based on normal levels of activity. proportion of manufacturing overheads based on normal levels of activity.
- iii. Cost in respect of work in progress represents cost incurred up to the stage of completion.
- iv. By-Products are valued at net realizable value
- v. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

m) Foreign Currency Transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of the transactions. Foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities at the year-end are translated at the year-end exchange rates. Non-monetary items which are carried in terms of historical cost denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rate at the date of transaction. The loss or gain thereon and also on the exchange differences on settlement of the foreign currency transactions during the year are recognized as income or expense in the profit and loss account. Foreign exchange gain/loss to the extent considered as an adjustment to Interest Cost are considered as part of borrowing cost.

n) **Equity Share Capital**

An equity instrument is a contract that evidences residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. Par value of the equity shares is recorded as share capital and the amount received in excess of par value is classified as Securities Premium. Costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary shares are recognized as a deduction from equity, net of any tax effects

o) **Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets**

Provisions involving substantial degree of estimation in measurement are recognized when there is a legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that there will be an outflow of resources and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation. Provisions are not recognized for future operating losses. The amount recognized as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation.

Contingent liabilities is not recognized and are disclosed by way of notes to the financial statements when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or when there is a present obligation is not recognised where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the same or a reliable estimate of the amount payable in this respect cannot be made.

Contingent Assets are not recognised but disclosed in the financial statements by way of notes to accounts when an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

p) **Employee Benefits**

i. **Short term Employee Benefits:**

All employee benefits payable within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short-term employee benefits. Such Employee Benefits are recognized as expenses as and when it accrues.

Post-Employment Benefits:

Defined Contribution plans

Company's contribution to Provident Fund and ESI are charged to the statement of Profit & Loss during the period in which the employee renders the related service. The Company has no obligations other than the contributions payable to the respective funds.

Defined Benefit plans

Gratuity: Gratuity liability is provided for based on actuarial valuation made at the end of each financial year using the projected unit credit method in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standard. Actuarial gain and losses are recognized immediately in the statement of Profit & Loss as income or expenses.

Re-measurements gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumption are recognized in the period in which they occur, directly in other comprehensive income, which is included in retained earnings in the statement of changes in equity and in the balance sheet.



q) Revenue Recognition

The Company manufactures and sells Iron and Steel Products.

i. Sale of goods

The Company recognises revenue when control over the promised goods or services is transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The Company has generally concluded that it is the principal in its revenue arrangements as it typically controls the goods or services before transferring them to the customer.

Revenue is adjusted for variable consideration such as discounts, rebates, refunds, credits, price concessions, incentives, or other similar items in a contract when they are highly probable to be provided. The amount of revenue excludes any amount collected on behalf of third parties. The Company recognises revenue generally at the point in time when the products are delivered to customer or when it is delivered to a carrier for export sale, which is when the control over product is transferred to the customer. In contracts where freight is arranged by the Company and recovered from the customers, the same is treated as a separate performance obligation and revenue is recognised when such freight services are rendered. In revenue arrangements with multiple performance obligations, the Company accounts for individual products and services separately if they are distinct – i.e. if a product or service is separately identifiable from other items in the arrangement and if a customer can benefit from it. The consideration is allocated between separate products and services in the arrangement based on their stand-alone selling prices. Revenue from sale of by products are included in revenue. Revenue from sale of power is recognised when delivered and measured based on the bilateral contractual arrangements.

r) Contract balances

i. Contract assets

A contract asset is the right to consideration in exchange for goods or services transferred to the customer. If the Company performs by transferring goods or services to a customer before the customer pays consideration or before payment is due, a contract asset is recognised for the earned consideration.

ii) Trade receivables

A receivable is recognised when the goods are delivered and to the extent that it has an unconditional contractual right to receive cash or other financial assets (i.e., only the passage of time is required before payment of the consideration is due). Trade receivables is derecognised when the Company transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party including discounting of bills on a non-recourse basis.

iii) Contract liabilities

A contract liability is the obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Company has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer. If a customer pays consideration before the Company transfers goods or services to the customer, a contract liability is recognised when the payment is made or the payment is due (whichever is earlier). Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Company performs under the contract including Advance received from Customer.

vi. Refund liabilities

A refund liability is the obligation to refund some or all of the consideration received (or receivable) from the customer and is measured at the amount the Company ultimately expects it will have to return to the customer including volume rebates and discounts. The Company updates its estimates of refund liabilities at the end of each reporting period.

s) Other Income

i. Claims receivable

The quantum of accruals in respect of claims receivable such as from insurance, customs, excise and the like are accounted for on accrual basis to the extent there is reasonable certainty of realization.

ii. Dividend Income from Investment

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the right to receive payment has been established.

iii. Interest Income

Interest income is recognized on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the applicable interest rate. Interest income is netted off from interest cost under the head "Interest Cost (Net)" in the statement of profit and loss.

t) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for the intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

Discounts or premiums and expenses on the issue of debt securities are amortized over the term of the related securities and included within borrowing costs. Premiums payable on early redemptions of debt securities, in lieu of future finance costs, are recognized as borrowing costs.

All other borrowing costs are recognized as expenses in the period in which it is incurred.

u) Income Tax:

Income tax expense comprises current tax and the net change in deferred tax assets and liabilities during the year. Current and deferred tax are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) or directly in equity, in which case the related tax is also recognised in OCI or directly in equity respectively.

Current Tax

Current tax is the amount of income tax payable on the taxable profit for the year, determined in accordance with the provisions of the Income-tax Act, 1961. The Company has opted for the concessional tax regime under section 115BAA of the Act, and accordingly, current tax is computed using the tax rate prescribed under this regime. The current tax charge is measured based on tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.



Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognised using the balance sheet approach, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences, and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that sufficient future taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences, unused tax credits, and unused tax losses can be utilised.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realised or liability is settled, considering the Company's continued option to be taxed under section 115BAA. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and recognised when their recovery becomes reasonably certain.

Offsetting

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities, and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on the same taxable entity. Current tax assets and liabilities are also offset when the Company intends to settle them on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

v) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing profit or loss for the year attributable to equity holders by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year. Partly paid-up shares are included as fully paid equivalents according to the fraction paid up.

Diluted earnings per share are computed using the weighted average number of shares and dilutive potential shares except where the result would be anti-dilutive.

w) Segment Reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker.

The Board of directors of the Company has been identified as the Chief Operating Decision Maker which reviews and assesses the financial performance and makes the strategic decisions.

x) Corporate Social Responsibility ('CSR') expenditure

The Company charges its CSR expenditure during the year to the statement of profit and loss.

y) Statement of Cash Flow

Cash Flows are reported using indirect method, whereby profit for the period is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals and accruals of past or future operating cash receipts and payments and item of income and expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing, and financing activities of the company are segregated.

z) Significant Events after the Reporting Period

The Company has evaluated events occurring after the reporting date up to the date of approval of these financial statements by the Board of Directors, May 28, 2025. There were no events that require adjustment to, or disclosure in, these financial statements in accordance with Ind AS 10 Events after the Reporting Period.

4. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

New Accounting standards, amendments and interpretations adopted by the Company (wherever applicable) effective from April 1, 2023:

Recent accounting pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs (“MCA”) notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. During the year ended March 31, 2025, MCA has notified Ind AS 117 - Insurance Contracts and amendments to Ind As 116 – Leases, relating to sale and lease back transactions, applicable from April 1, 2024. The Company has assessed that there is no significant impact on its financial statements.

On May 9, 2025, MCA notifies the amendments to Ind AS 21 - Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates. These amendments aim to provide clearer guidance on assessing currency exchangeability and estimating exchange rates when currencies are not readily exchangeable. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2025. The Company is currently assessing the probable impact of these amendments on its financial statements.

5. Critical Accounting Estimates, Judgments and Assumptions

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with measurement principle of Ind AS requires management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions. These estimates, judgments and assumptions affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Accounting estimates could change from period to period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as management becomes aware of changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Differences between the actual results and estimates are recognized in the year in which the results are known / materialized and, if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Application of accounting policies that require significant areas of estimation, uncertainty and critical judgments and the use of assumptions in the financial statements have been disclosed below. The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation/assumptions at the balance sheet date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities and related revenue impact within the next financial year are discussed below:

a) Depreciation/amortization and impairment loss against property, plant and equipment / intangible assets.

Property, plant and equipment, ROU Assets and Intangible Assets are depreciated/ amortized on straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives (or lease term if shorter) taking into account the estimated residual value, wherever applicable. The company reviews its carrying value of its Tangible and Intangible Assets whenever there is objective evidence that the assets are impaired.



The required level of impairment losses to be made is estimated by reference to the estimated value in use or recoverable amount. In such situation Assets' recoverable amount is estimated which is higher of asset's or cash generating units (CGU) fair value less cost of disposal and its value in use. In assessing value in use the estimated future cash flows are discounted using pre-tax discount rate which reflect the current assessment of time value of money. In determining fair value less cost of disposal, recent market realisations are considered or otherwise in absence of such transactions appropriate valuations are adopted. The Company reviews the estimated useful lives and residual life of the assets regularly in order to determine the amount of depreciation / amortization and also amount of impairment expense to be recorded and/or to be reversed during any reporting period. Subsequent reassessment or review may result in change of estimates in future periods.

b) Arrangement contain leases and classification of leases

Ind AS 116 requires lessees to determine the lease term as the non- cancellable period of a lease adjusted with any option to extend or terminate the lease, if the use of such option is reasonably certain. The Company makes an assessment on the expected lease term on a lease-by-lease basis and thereby assesses whether it is reasonably certain that any option to extend or terminate the contract will be exercised. In evaluating the lease term, the Company considers factors such as any significant leasehold improvements undertaken over the lease term, costs relating to the termination of the lease and the importance of the underlying asset to the company's operations taking into account among other things, the location of the underlying asset and the availability of suitable alternatives. The lease terms and impact thereof are reassessed in each year to ensure that the lease term reflects the current economic circumstances.

c) Impairment loss on trade receivables

The Company evaluates whether there is any objective evidence that trade receivables are impaired and determines the amount of impairment loss as a result of the inability of the debtors to make required payments. The Company bases the estimates on the ageing of the trade receivables balance, credit-worthiness of the trade receivables and historical write-off experience.

d) Defined Benefit Obligations (DBO)

Critical estimate of the DBO involves a number of critical underlying assumptions such as standard rates of inflation, mortality, discount rate, anticipation of future salary increases etc. as estimated by Independent Actuary appointed for this purpose. Variation in these assumptions may significantly impact the DBO amount and the annual defined benefit expenses.

e) Provisions and Contingencies

Provisions and liabilities are recognized in the period when it becomes probable that there will be a future outflow of funds resulting from past operations or events and the amount of cash outflow can be reliably estimated. The timing of recognition and quantification of the liability requires the application of judgement to existing facts and circumstances, which can be subject to change.

Management uses in-house and external legal professional to make judgment for estimating the possible outflow of resources, if any, in respect of contingencies/claim/litigations/ against the Company as it is not possible to predict the outcome of pending matters with accuracy.

The carrying amounts of provisions and liabilities and estimation for contingencies are reviewed regularly and revised to taking into account changing facts and circumstances.

Note 6
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

A. Reconciliation of Property, Plant and Equipment												
Details	Land	Non Factory Building	Factory Buildings	Plant & Machinery	Electrical Installa- -tions	Office Equip- -ment	Furniture and Fixtures	Vehicles	Crane	TOTAL	ROU Land- Leasehold	Capital WIP
Year ended March 31, 2025												
Opening Gross Carrying Amount	195.13	3.01	394.22	3,035.79	18.70	3.49	8.06	138.45	184.23	3,981.09	15.01	2,034.57
Additions	35.74	-	71.70	-	-	-	-	-	-	107.44	-	2,295.46
Deletions	64.83	-	-	-	-	-	-	12.99	-	77.82	-	-
Closing Gross Carrying Amount as at March 31, 2025	166.05	3.01	465.92	3,035.79	18.70	3.49	8.06	125.46	184.23	4,010.71	15.01	4,330.03
Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment												
Opening accumulated depreciation	-	2.86	85.24	452.24	10.25	0.71	6.09	36.21	125.92	719.52	1.64	-
Depreciation charged during the period	-	-	18.61	152.38	-	0.24	-	11.90	13.38	196.51	0.21	-
Deduction/Adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12.34	-	12.34	-	-
Closing Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment as at March 31, 2025		2.86	103.85	604.62	10.25	0.95	6.09	35.77	139.30	903.69	1.85	-
Net Carrying Amounts as at March 31, 2025	166.05	0.15	362.07	2,431.17	8.45	2.54	1.97	89.69	44.93	3,107.02	13.16	4,330.03

Details	Land	Non Factory Building	Factory Buildings	Plant & Machinery	Electrical Installations	Office Equipment	Furniture and Fixtures	Vehicles	Crane	TOTAL	ROU Land-Leasehold	Capital WIP
Year ended March 31, 2024												
Opening Gross Carrying Amount	127.89	3.01	221.28	5,122.08	18.70	3.49	8.06	57.41	184.23	5,746.14	15.01	648.78
Additions	67.24	-	172.94	2,585.78	-	-	-	97.04	-	2,923.01	-	3,598.78
Deletions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.00	-	16.00	-	2,212.98
Classified as held for sale	-	-	-	4,672.07	-	-	-	-	-	4,672.07	-	-
Closing Gross Carrying Amount as at March 31, 2024	195.13	3.01	394.22	3,035.79	18.70	3.49	8.06	138.45	184.23	3,981.09	15.01	2,034.57
Accumulated Depreciation & Impairment												
Opening accumulated depreciation	-	2.86	71.00	458.89	10.25	0.47	6.09	41.06	109.19	699.83	1.44	-
Depreciation charged during the year	-	-	14.24	484.42	-	0.24	-	9.42	16.73	525.05	0.21	-
Deduction/Adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14.27	-	14.27	-	-
Classified as held for sale	-	-	-	491.07	-	-	-	-	-	491.07	-	-
Closing Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment as at March 31, 2024	-	2.86	85.24	452.24	10.25	0.71	6.09	36.21	125.92	719.53	1.65	-
Net Carrying Amounts as at March 31, 2024	195.13	0.15	308.98	2,583.55	8.45	2.78	1.97	102.24	58.31	3,261.56	13.36	2,034.57

B. Capital Work In Progress

Capital work-in-progress as at March 31, 2025 amounts to ₹4,330.03 Lakhs comprises of installation of installation of solar panels and as at March 31, 2024 amounts to ₹2,034.57 Lakhs comprises of solar panels.

C. Depreciation for the year

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Projects in Progress		
Less than 1 year	2,295.46	2,034.57
1-2 years	2,034.57	-
2-3 years	-	-
More than 3 years	-	-
Total	4,330.03	2,034.57

There is no projects whose completion is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan.

D. Assets classified as held for sale

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
(i) Land	-	47.85
(ii) Windmill & Plant & Machinery	14.53	4,133.15
Total	14.53	4,181.00

E. Notes

- Refer note 35 for disclosure of contractual commitments for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment.
- Title deeds of immovable properties are held in the name of the company. ii) PPE has not been revalued by the company during the year and during the previous year.
- The Company has made strategic decision to dispose of 10MW windmill due to technological obsolescence and during the financial year 24-25, the land at windmill has been sold for Rs.64.83 lakhs & the Plant & Machinery (Windmill) has been sold for Rs.56.70 Crores.
- The management intends to sell the remaining plant and machinery. No impairment was recognised on reclassification of plant and machinery as held for sale as the company expects that the fair value (estimated based on the recent market prices of similar equipment) less costs to sell is higher than the carrying amount. Ind AS 105 - "Non Current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations" requires non current assets to be identified as held for sale if the carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. For this to be the case, the assets must be available for immediate sale in its present condition and the sale must be highly probable. Based on the assessment per formed by the management, it was determined that the below assets should be presented as held for sale under Ind AS-105. Consequently, the assets held for sale have been presented separately from other assets in the balance sheet.
- There are no future minimum lease payments in respect of the leasehold land. The lease terms expires within period of 99 years and as per the lease agreement.



Notes forming part of financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

Financial Assets

7 . Non - Current Investments, Fully Paid up except otherwise stated

	No. of shares		Face Value	AS AT 31.03.2025	AS AT 31.03.2024
	31.03.2025	31.03.2024			
Investments designated at Fair Value through Profit & Loss					
Quoted - Equity Shares¹					
Tulsyan Power Limited	-	78,750	10	-	0.20
Less: Provision for impairment				-	(0.20)
Gita Renewable Energy Limited	781,399	781,399	10	851.72	1,236.17
Total Quoted Investments				851.72	1,236.17
Unquoted - Equity Share					
OPG Business Centre Pvt Ltd (Class A)	20,000	20,000	10	2.00	320.47
Yukti Wind Power Private Limited(Class A)	38,700	38,700	10	111.13	100.29
Nagai Power Private Limited	-	1,200,000	10	12.00	12.00
Less: Provision for impairment				(12.00)	(12.00)
Total Unquoted Investments				113.13	420.76
Total Non-Current Investments				964.86	1,656.93
Carrying value and market value of quoted and unquoted investments are as below:					
Aggregate Cost of Quoted Investments				209.76	209.96
Aggregate Market Value of Quoted Investments				851.72	1,236.17
Aggregate Cost of Unquoted Investments				17.93	17.93
Aggregate Fair Value of Unquoted Investments				113.13	420.76
Aggregate amount of Impairment in value of Investments				12.00	12.20

¹ Particulars of Investments as required in terms of Section 186(4) of the Companies Act, 2013 has been disclosed herein above.



Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
8. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS		
(Unsecured, Considered good)		
a. Security Deposits	789.42	760.37
b. Other Deposits	72.14	72.14
Less: Provision for doubtful advances	(72.64)	(72.64)
Total	788.91	759.87
9. INVENTORIES		
(Valued at lower of Cost and Net Realisable Value)		
(as valued and certified by the management)		
a) Raw Materials	2,848.84	1,636.39
b) Finished Goods	2,933.61	813.69
c) Stores and Spares	152.55	198.27
Total	5935.00	2648.35
Refer Note no. 20 to financial statements in respect of charge created against borrowings		
10 TRADE RECEIVABLES		
Unsecured, Considered Good	2,196.33	2,550.22
Less: Provision for expected credit loss	(412.60)	(412.60)
Total	1783.74	2137.63
Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Trade receivable considered good - secured	-	-
Trade receivable considered good - unsecured	1,783.74	2,137.63
Trade receivable which have significant increase in credit risk	412.60	412.60
Trade receivable credit impaired	-	-
Total	2,196.33	2,550.22
Less: Loss allowance	(412.60)	(412.60)
Total	1,783.74	2,137.63
Ageing of Trade Receivables, Undisputed and considered good		
Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Not due	1,602.75	1,677.38
Upto 6 months	408.43	681.96
6 months - 1 year	6.78	2.38
1- 2 years	19.38	170.06
2- 3 years	5.64	13.11
More than 3 years	153.35	5.34
Less: Loss allowance	(412.60)	(412.60)
Total	1,783.74	2,137.63

Notes :

- i) Refer Note 20.1 for hypothecation of above receivables and there are no amount due from related parties
- ii) Before accepting any new customer the company uses an external credit scoring system to assess the potential customer's credit quality and defines credit limits by customer. Limits and scoring attributed to customers are reviewed once a year. The company does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over these balances nor does it have a legal right to offset against any amounts owed by the company to the counterparty. Trade receivables have been given as collateral towards borrowings details relating to which has been described in Note 20. Trade Receivables from related parties has been described in Note 42.
- iii) The fair value of Trade receivables is not materially different from the carrying value presented.
- iv) Trade receivables does not include any receivables from directors and officers of the company.
- v) The credit period on sales of goods ranges from 7 to 120 days without security.
- vi) Credit risk management regarding trade receivables has been described in note 38 (c) (v)

PARTICULARS	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Allowances for Trade Receivables :		
Balance at the beginning of the year	412.60	412.60
Allowances made during the year	-	-
Write off	-	-
Balance at the end	412.60	412.60
11. CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS		
a) Cash in Hand	6.05	8.64
b) Balances with Bank		
In Current Accounts	11.11	13.49
In Deposits with Banks with Original Maturity of Less than 3 months	-	334.99
Total	17.17	357.12
12. OTHER BANK BALANCES (Other than Cash and Cash Equivalents)	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
a) Deposits with Bank (having original maturity more than 3 months & less than 1 year)	260.73	189.75
Total	260.73	189.75
13. LOANS	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
(Unsecured, Considered Good)		
a) Advance - Others	23.87	18.32
b) Capital Advances	-	250.00
Less: Provision for doubtful advance	(6.77)	(6.77)
Total	17.10	261.55
13.1 Disclosures of Loans and Advance as per Regulation 34(3) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India(Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) are as follows:		
Loans and Advances in the nature of loans to companies in which directors are interested.	NIL	NIL
13.2 Disclosure of Inter Corporate Loans (other than above) as per Sec186(4) of the Companies Act 2013	NIL	NIL
14. OTHER CURRENT ASSETS	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
a) Supplier advance	682.32	1,108.91
b) Balances with Government Authorities	-	-
GST	12.30	253.36
Income Tax	291.31	338.06
c) Accrued Interest	4.26	0.08
Total	990.18	1,700.41



PARTICULARS	March 31, 2025		March 31, 2024	
	Number	₹ in Lakhs	Number	₹ in Lakhs
15. EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL				
I. Authorised Share Capital				
Equity Shares of Rs.10 each	29,800,000	2,980.00	29,800,000	2,980.00
15% Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares of Rs.100 each	20,000	20.00	20,000	20.00
	29,820,000	3,000.00	29,820,000	3,000.00
II.Details of movement in subscribed and paid-up share capital is as below:				
Equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid-up				
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	28,436,074	2,843.61	28,436,074	2,843.61
Shares issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Cancelled during the year	-	-	-	-
Shares outstanding at the end of the year	28,436,074	2,843.61	28,436,074	2,843.61
III. Issued, subscribed but not fully paid capital:				
Less: Calls Unpaid				
By Directors				
By Others				
Add: Forefeited Shares	29,583	2.96	29,583	2.96
Total	28,465,657	2,846.57	28,465,657	2,846.57

b) Terms / rights attached to equity shares:

The company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs.10/- per share. Each holder of equity share is entitled to one vote per share.

In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive the assets of the company, in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

c) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025		As at March 31, 2024	
	No of Shares	%	No of Shares	%
Rajesh Kumar Gupta	5,508,171	19.37%	5,508,171	19.37%
Shailja Gupta	4,575,467	16.09%	4,575,467	16.09%
Kanishk Gupta	1,933,014	6.80%	1,924,461	6.77%
Tamilnadu Enterprises & Investments Pvt Ltd	2,015,497	7.09%	2,015,497	7.09%
Ameena Begum S	2,000,000	7.03%	2,000,000	7.03%
Radiant solutions ltd	2,000,000	7.03%	2,000,000	7.03%
Chennai Metal Recycling & Trading Co Pvt Ltd	2,489,584	8.76%	2,489,584	8.76%

d) Details of promoters shareholding

The details of shares held by Promoter as at March 31, 2025 are given under:

Name of the Promoter	As at March 31, 2025		As at March 31, 2024		% change during the year
	No.of Shares	% of Total Holding	No.of Shares	% of Total Holding	
Rajesh Kumar Gupta	5,508,171	19.37%	5,508,171	19.37%	-
Shailja Gupta	4,575,467	16.09%	4,575,467	16.09%	-
Kanishk Gupta	1,933,014	6.80%	1,924,461	6.77%	0.00
Renu Devi Jalan	354,029	1.24%	485,805	1.71%	(0.27)
Laxmi Devi Gupta	296,783	1.04%	296,783	1.04%	-
Ravi Gupta HUF	80,800	0.28%	80,800	0.28%	-
Rajesh Kumar Gupta HUF	57,050	0.20%	57,050	0.20%	-
Nivedita Garg Gupta	12,194	0.04%	12,194	0.04%	-
Tamilnadu Enterprises & Investments Pvt Ltd	2,015,497	7.09%	2,015,497	7.09%	-
Indian Corporate Business Centre Limited	349,400	1.23%	349,400	1.23%	-
Ameena Begum S	2,000,000	7.03%	2,000,000	7.03%	-
Radiant Solutions Pvt Ltd	2,000,000	7.03%	2,000,000	7.03%	-

e) Buy Back & Bonus issue of Equity Shares

In the period of five years immediately preceeding March 31, 2025 , the company had neither bought back equity shares nor issued bonus shares.



PARTICULARS	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
16. OTHER EQUITY		
I. Capital Reserve		
Opening Balance	87.32	87.32
Additions during the year	-	-
Utilisation during the year	-	-
Closing Balance	87.32	87.32
II. Capital Redemption Reserve		
Opening & Closing Balance	3.00	3.00
III. Securities Premium Reserve		
Opening & Closing Balance	987.12	987.12
Additions during the year	-	-
Utilisation during the year	-	-
Closing Balance	987.12	987.12
IV. Revaluation Reserve		
Opening Balance	305.19	352.24
Additions during the year	-	-
Utilisation during the year	47.05	47.05
Closing Balance	258.14	305.19
V. Retained Earnings		
Opening Balance	5,545.75	5,238.68
Profit for the year	832.10	260.02
Transfer from Revaluation Reserve	47.05	47.05
Transfer from General Reserve	-	-
Closing Balance	6424.90	5,545.75
VI. Other Comprehensive Income		
Opening Balance	(25.44)	(30.81)
Additions during the year	3.46	5.37
Utilisation during the year	-	-
Closing Balance	(21.98)	(25.44)
Total	7,738.50	6,902.94

1. Refer Statement of Changes in Equity for movement in balance of reserves

2. **Nature of reserves**

a) **Securities Premium Reserve**

Securities Premium Reserve represents the amount received in excess of par value of securities and is available for utilisation as specified under Section 52 of Companies Act, 2013 .

b) **General Reserve**

The general reserve represents appropriation of profits at the discretion of the Company. It is transferous from one component of equity to another. It is not an item of Other Comprehensive Income. It will not be reclassified to Profit and Loss.

c) **Retained Earnings**

Retained Earnings generally represent the undistributed profits /amount of accumulated earnings of the Company. Other Comprehensive Income of ₹21.98 Lakhs as at March 31, 2025 (₹ 25.44 Lakhs as on March 31, 2024) relating to re-measurement of defined benefit plans which cannot be reclassified to Statement of Profit and Loss.

d) **Capital Redemption Reserve**

Reserve is primarily created as per statutory requirement.

e) **Revaluation Reserve**

Revaluation Reserve was created under the erstwhile Indian GAAP to recognise the gain due to increase in value of certain assets as on March 31, 2008 and utilised in accordance with provisions of the Companies Act 2013.

f) **Capital Reserve**

Capital reserve was created erstwhile under Indian GAAP on forfeiture of shares by the company.



Particulars	March 31, 2025	Mach 31, 2024
17. BORROWINGS		
Windmill Loan	-	2,588.69
Kotak Mahindra-Vehicle 1	12.44	20.33
Kotak Mahindra-Vehicle 2	21.11	33.65
Less: Current Maturities of Longterm debt	-22.30	(451.87)
Total	11.25	2,190.80
Terms of Repayment and Rate of Interest :		
17.1 Term Loan carries an interest rate of 3 months Treasury Bill plus 1.85%. Term Loan is repayable in 18 equal quarterly repayments from the 9th month from date of first drawdown. Term loan is till the month of September 2027.		
17.2 Term loan is secured by exclusive charge created by hypothecation of all present & future moveable property, plant and equipment, stock in trade and book debts.		
17.3 Specific asset for the security provider shall be the Windmill Asset.		
17.4 Also refer note 12"		
17.5 Kotak Mahindra - Vehicle 1 is repayable in 36 equal monthly installments from Sept 2023 till the month of August 2026 that carries an interest rate 8.93%.		
17.6 Kotak Mahindra - Vehicle 2 is repayable in 36 equal monthly installments from Nov 2023 till the month of November 2026 that carries an interest rate 9.25%.		
18. DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES (NET)	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Deferred Tax Liability Fixed Asset - Impact of Difference between tax depreciation and depreciation charged in the financial statement (Refer Note No:32(b))	494.04	299.25
Total	494.04	299.25
19. PROVISIONS	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
For Employee Benefits	41.35	41.91
Total	41.35	41.91
20. SHORT TERM BORROWING	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
HDFC (Cash Credit)	991.52	1,303.03
HDFC BANK WCDL A/C	1,500.00	1,500.00
Current Maturities of longterm debt	22.30	451.87
Total	2,513.82	3,254.90
20.1 Nature of Security and rate of interest:		
a. All the above loans are secured by equitable mortgage of land and buildings including plant and machinery and also by hypothecation of Raw Materials, Finished Goods and other current assets.		
b. The Company has filed quarterly returns or statements with the banks in lieu of the sanctioned working capital facilities, which are in agreement with the books of account.		
21. TRADE PAYABLES	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
a. Due to Micro, Small and Medium enterprises		
(i) Undisputed	140.30	14.40
(ii) Disputed	-	-
b. Due of creditors other than Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises		
(i) Undisputed	1,396.43	2,033.99
(ii) Disputed	-	-
Refer Note No.42 for amount due to Related Parties		
Total	1,536.72	2,048.40

PARTICULARS	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Ageing of Trade Payables - Undisputed dues		
Not Due	1,471.53	1,314.60
Less than 1 year	65.19	667.65
1-2 years	-	0.41
2-3 years	-	51.00
More than 3 years	-	14.72
Total	1,536.72	2,048.40
22. OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
a. Outstanding Liabilities	476.52	186.23
b. Capital Advances	2,171.54	1,306.75
Total	2,648.06	1,492.97
23. OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
a. Advances from Customers	72.57	87.51
b. Other Advances	2.25	2.25
c. Statutory Dues	64.25	-
d. Outstanding Liabilities	3.00	-
Total	142.07	89.76
24. PROVISIONS	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
a. Provision for Income Tax	207.99	-
b. Provision for Employee Benefits	42.04	34.59
Total	250.03	34.59
25. REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Revenue from Sale of Manufactured products	34,480.29	35,174.81
Revenue from Sale of Traded Products	1450.85	3,598.05
Revenue from Sale of Exempted goods	69.62	35.17
Total	36,000.76	38,808.03
The following table provides information about receivables, contract assets and contract liabilities from contract with customers		
Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
(a) Trade Receivables	1,783.74	2,137.63
(b) Contract Liabilities(Advance from Customers)	72.57	87.51
Contract Liability - Advance from Customers		
Set out below is the amount of revenue recognised from :	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2025
Opening Balance	87.51	259.11
Less: Revenue recognised from opening balance	87.51	259.11
Add: Advance received but not recognised as revenue	72.57	87.51
Closing Balance	72.57	87.51
Details of Revenue from Contract with customers:		
Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Total revenue from contract with customers as above (Net of rebate & loss allowance written off)	36,000.76	38,808.03
Add: Rebate	-	-
Add: loss allowance written off during the year	-	-
Total revenue from contract with customers	36,000.76	38,808.03



PARTICULARS	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
26. OTHER INCOME		
Insurance claim received	10.19	5.79
Net Gain on Foreign Currency Fluctuation	84.49	52.45
Interest Income	47.74	43.22
Gain on sale of Property, Plant and Equipments	1021.05	3.27
Net Gain on Fair Value of Investments through Profit & Loss	-	561.32
Total	1,163.47	666.04
27. COST OF MATERIALS CONSUMED		
Opening Stock	1,636.39	2,873.30
Add: Purchases	27,938.26	27,958.05
Less: Closing Stock	2,848.84	1,636.39
Total	26,725.81	29,194.96
(i) Details of Raw materials consumed		
Scrap & Sponge Iron	26,725.81	10,297.91
Billets/Ingots	-	18,897.05
Total	26,725.81	29,194.96
(ii) Details of Raw Material Inventory		
Scrap & Sponge Iron	2,848.84	1,022.88
Billets/Ingots	-	613.52
Total	2,848.84	1,636.39
28.CHANGES IN INVENTORIES OF FINISHED GOODS & WORK IN PROGRESS		
Closing Stock		
Finished Goods	2,933.61	813.69
Work-in-progress	-	-
Opening Stock		
Finished Goods	813.69	1,530.21
Work in progress	-	-
Total	(2,119.92)	716.52
29. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES		
Salaries, Wages and Bonus	671.81	482.69
Contribution to Provident & other funds	32.66	30.41
Staff and labour Welfare Expenses	6,3116.93	
Total	710.77	530.02
30. FINANCE COSTS		
Interest on Term Loan	105.52	161.61
Interest paid to Banks	204.13	237.58
Interest on Hire Purchase	4.09	2.23
Interest & Charges on LC	65.32	31.92
Interest - Others	3.70	2.14
Total	382.76	435.47

PARTICULARS	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
31. OTHER EXPENSES		
a. Material & Manufacturing expenses		
Stores and Spares consumed	1,907.23	1,363.61
Power and Fuel	3,076.17	1,093.21
Freight Charges	275.53	462.70
Customs Duty	22.84	103.27
Excise Duty	-	-
Clearing and Forwarding Charges	320.33	34.96
Material Handling / Other payments	880.29	418.04
b. Repairs & Maintenance		
Machinery Maintenance	804.96	362.11
Repairs to Building	-	-
Electrical Maintenance	58.25	19.52
Vehicle Maintenance	3.76	2.21
Repairs to Building	39.02	-
c. Administrative Expenses		
Advertisement	0.59	0.44
Bank Charges	24.46	2.43
CSR Expenses	16.60	19.02
Directors' Remuneration	30.03	27.00
Donation	0.75	1.80
Insurance	30.24	19.08
Listing Fees	5.12	5.12
Membership and subscription	3.48	1.60
Office Maintenance	0.37	0.37
Payment to Auditors		
- As Audit Fees	2.50	2.50
- As Certification Fees	1.90	1.40
- As Tax Audit Fees	0.50	2.00
Postage	0.51	0.40
Printing and Stationery	5.37	4.47
Professional & Consultancy	42.91	21.19



PARTICULARS	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Rates & Taxes	133.46	96.22
Rent & Amenities	5.35	1.20
Directors Sitting Fees	0.56	0.56
Share Transfer Charges	1.14	1.02
Telephone Charges	4.09	3.22
Loss on foreign currency fluctuation	-	-
Travelling & Conveyance	11.08	11.69
Provision for expected credit loss	-	-
Net Loss on Fair Value of Investments through Profit & Loss	692.07	-
Miscellaneous expenses	1.07	4.72
d. Selling and Distribution Expenses		
Carriage Outwards	6.69	24.13
Sales Promotion Expenditure	15.57	11.73
Commission Paid	73.49	27.93
Total	8,498.27	4,150.86

*Corporate Social Responsibility Expenses		
Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
a) Gross amount required to be spent by the Company during the year (refer Note I)	16.33	19.02
b) Brought forward previous year shortfall	-	4.47
c) Amount spent during the year (in cash)		
i) Construction / acquisition of any asset	-	-
ii) On purposes other than (i) above	16.60	23.49
d) (Shortfall)/Excess at the end of the year,	0.27	-
e) Total of previous years shortfall	-	-
<p>"Notes:</p> <p>I) Average Net Profit computed as per section 198 is ₹ 816.70 Lakhs. Accordingly an amount of ₹ 16.33 Lakhs is required to be spent by the Company during the year.</p> <p>II) Details of related party transactions - Nil</p> <p>III) Nature of CSR Activities - Education and Social welfare</p>		

32. TAX EXPENSES:

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Current tax	207.99	-
Deferred tax	194.77	93.01
Earlier Year Tax Adjustments	160.54	28.46
Tax expense recognized during the year	563.31	121.46

a) Reconciliation of Income tax expense for the year with accounting profit is as follows:

Taxable Income differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the statement of profit and loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. Details in this respect are as follows:

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Accounting profit before taxes	1,395.41	381.49
Enacted tax rates	25.17%	25.17%
Tax at enacted tax rates	351.20	96.01
Allowances / Disallowances impact	(143.20)	(96.01)
Impact of provision for taxation - earlier year	160.54	28.46
Current tax	207.99	-
Income tax recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss	207.99	-

The tax rate used for reconciliations above is 25.17% as applicable for corporate entities on taxable profits under the Indian tax laws.

b) Deferred income tax as at 31 March 2025 and 2024 relates to the following :

Particulars	As at 01 April 2024	Recognised in P&L	As at 31 March 2025
i Deferred income tax assets:			
Property, plant and equipment	-	-	-
Deferred income tax assets	-	-	-
ii. Deferred income tax liabilities	299.25	194.77	494.03
iii. Deferred income tax asset / (liabilities), net	(299.25)	(194.77)	(494.03)



c) Deferred Taxes :

Based on the petition filed by the company on 21-04-2008, the Hon'ble High Court of Madras has allowed the company on 19-08-2008 to utilize the Securities Premium account towards the Deferred Tax Liability computed as per Ind AS 22. Accordingly an amount Nil (Previous Year Nil) adjusted against Securities Premium account as per Directives of Hon'ble High Court Madras.

d) Income Tax Recognised In Other Comprehensive Income

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Arising on income and expenses recognized in other comprehensive income:	-	-
Measurement of defined benefit obligation	3.46	5.37
Bifurcation of the income tax recognized in other comprehensive income into:-	-	-
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss	3.46	5.37

33. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS:

I. Defined contribution plans

The Company participates in a number of defined contribution plans on behalf of relevant personnel. Any expense recognized in relation to these schemes represents the value of contributions payable during the period by the Company at rates specified by the rules of those plans. The only amounts included in the balance sheet are those relating to the prior months contributions that were not due to be paid until after the end of the reporting period. The major defined contribution plans operated by the Company are as below:

(a) Provident and pension

The Company provides provident fund benefits for eligible employees as per applicable regulations wherein both employees and the Company make monthly contributions at a specified percentage of the eligible employee's salary. Contributions under such schemes are made either to a provident fund set up as an irrevocable trust by the Company to manage the investments and distribute the amounts entitled to employees or to state managed funds.

Benefits provided under plans wherein contributions are made to state managed funds and the Company does not have a future obligation to make good shortfall if any, is treated as a defined contribution plan

(b) Gratuity

Contributions under the scheme for defined benefit plan under the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972, is determined on the basis of actuarial valuation recognized as year's expenditure. Actuarial gain and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognized in other comprehensive income. Other costs recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss.

II. Defined benefit obligation(DBO):

Critical estimate of the DBO involves a number of critical underlying assumptions such as standard rates of inflation, mortality, discount rate, anticipation of future salary increases etc. as estimated by Independent Actuary appointed for this purpose/ Management. Variation in these assumptions may significantly impact the DBO amount and the annual defined benefit expenses.

III. Defined Contribution Plan :

Contribution to Defined Contribution Plans (Provident Fund) recognized as expense for the year 2024-25.

Disclosures required under Ind AS 19 “Employee Benefits”, the disclosures as defined are given below:

Particulars	Gratuity (Unfunded)	
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
I) Amounts recognized in the Balance Sheet		
Present Value of Funded Obligations		
Fair Value of Plan Assets		
Present Value of Unfunded obligations	83.39	76.50
Unrecognized Past Service Cost	-	-
- Net Liability	83.39	76.50
Amounts in the Balance Sheet	-	-
- Liabilities	83.39	76.50
- Assets	-	-
- Net Liability	83.39	76.50
II) Expenses recognized during the year in Income statement		
Current Service Cost	4.85	4.15
Interest on Obligations	5.49	5.19
Expected Return on Plan Assets	-	-
Past Service Cost	-	-
Losses /(Gains) on curtailments & Settlement	-	-
Expenses recognized in P & L	10.35	9.33
Expenses recognized during the year in the statement of other comprehensive income:		
Actuarial (Gains) / Losses arising from		
Plan Experience	(5.15)	(5.30)
Financial Changes	1.70	(0.08)
Demographic Changes	-	-
Total	(3.46)	(5.37)



Particulars	Gratuity (Unfunded)	
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
III) Change in benefit obligations:		
Balance as at the beginning of the year	76.50	72.54
Service Cost	4.85	4.15
Interest Cost	5.49	5.19
Benefits Paid	-	-
Actuarial (Gain)/Loss	(3.46)	(5.37)
Balance as at the closing of the year	83.39	76.50
IV) Fair Value of Assets:		
Balance as at the beginning of the year	-	-
Expected Return of Plan Assets	-	-
Actuarial (Gain)/Loss	-	-
Contributions	-	-
Benefits Paid	-	-
Balance as at the closing of the year	-	-
V) Category of Plan Assets		
Government of India Securities	-	-
High quality corporate bonds	-	-
Equity shares of listed companies	-	-
Property	-	-
Funds managed by Insurer	-	-
Bank Balance	-	-
VI) Principal Actuarial Valuation		
Discount Rate	6.55%	7.15%
Expected Rate of Return on Plan Assets	0.00%	0.00 %
Annual Increase in Salary Costs	5.50 %	5.50 %
Attrition Rate	5.00 %	5.00 %
Mortality Rate	IALM 2012-14	IALM(2012-14)
VII) Table Showing Surplus / (Deficit)		
Defined benefit obligation	83.39	76.50
Plan assets -	-	-
Surplus/(deficit)	83.39	76.50

Particulars	Gratuity (Unfunded)	
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
VIII) Sensitivity Analysis for the year 2024-25:		
Discount rate		
Increase by 0.5%	-1.62%	-1.65%
Decrease by 0.5%	1.70%	1.72%
Salary inflation		
Increase by 1% (0.5%)	3.47%	3.55%
Decrease by 1% (0.5%)	-3.24%	-3.31%
Attrition rate / withdrawal rate		
Increase by 5%	0.59%	1.00%
Decrease by 5%	-0.93%	-1.57%

IX) Maturity Analysis in Benefit Payments:

Maturity analysis in benefit payments	Expected cash flows
Year 1	44.47
Year 2	2.58
Year 3	13.02
Year 4	1.94
Year 5	1.97
After 5th Year	44.85

**34. CONTINGENCIES LIABILITIES NOT PROVIDED FOR:**

Particulars	2024 - 2025	2023 - 2024
a) Guarantees given by banks on behalf of the Company	159.00	159.00
b) Bills discounted with banks	-	-
c) i) Outstanding Letter of Credits ii) Outstanding of Under LC/Buyer's credit / DRUL bills under collection as on 31-03-2025	-	-
d) Various demands raised which in the opinion of the management are not tenable and are pending with various forums/ authorities Central Excise Law ^ TNVAT Income Tax / TDS	18.00 - 572.83	18.00 - 565.19

^ ₹9 Lakhs Plus equal amount of penalty of 9 Lakhs plus interest there on.

Note : The Company's pending litigations comprises of claim against the company and proceedings pending with Taxation/ Statutory/ Government Authorities. The Company has reviewed all its pending litigations and proceedings and has made adequate provisions, and disclosed contingent liabilities, where applicable, in its financial statements. The company does not expect the outcome of these proceedings to have a material impact on its financial position.

35. COMMITMENTS NOT PROVIDED FOR:

Particulars	2024 - 2025	2023 - 2024
a) Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on Capital Account and not provided for (net of advances)	169.97	2,465.43
b) Derivative Contracts Forward Contract Outstanding in USD	-	-

36. DISCLOSURES REQUIRED UNDER SECTION 22 OF THE MICRO, SMALL AND MEDIUM ENTERPRISES DEVELOPMENT ACT, 2006.

Particulars	2024 - 2025	2023 - 2024
Principal amount remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of the accounting year	-	-
Interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of the accounting year	-	-
The amount of interest paid along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day	-	-

Particulars	2024 - 2025	2023 - 2024
The amount of interest due and payable for the year	-	-
The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the accounting year	-	-
The amount of further interest due and payable even in the succeeding year, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid	-	-

Dues to Micro and Small Enterprises have been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information collected by the Management. This has been relied upon by the auditors.

37. DISCLOSURES ON FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

This section gives an overview of the significance of financial instruments for the Company and provides additional information on balance sheet items that contain financial instruments.

The details of material accounting policies, including the criteria for recognition, basis of measurement and the basis on which income and expenses are recognized in respect of each class of financial asset, financial liability and equity instrument are disclosed in note 3(ix), to the financial statements.

(a) Financial assets and liabilities

The following tables present the carrying value and fair value of each category of financial assets and liabilities as at March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024.

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Assets:		
Amortized Cost:		
Trade Receivable	1,783.74	2,137.63
Cash and Cash Equivalents	17.17	357.12
Bank Balances	260.73	189.75
Loans	17.10	261.55
Security Deposits	788.92	759.87
Fair Value through Profit and Loss Account	-	-
Investment in Equity Instruments	964.86	1,656.93
Liabilities		
Amortized Cost		
Loans and Borrowings	2,525.07	5,445.70
Trade Payables	1,536.72	2,048.40
Other Current Financial Liabilities	2,648.06	1,492.97



(b) Fair Valuation Techniques

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

- i. The fair value of cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, trade payables, current financial liabilities and borrowings approximate their carrying amount largely due to the short-term nature of these instruments. The Board considers that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recognized in the financial statement approximate their fair value.
- ii. Long-term debt has been contracted at floating rates of interest, which are reset at short intervals. Fair value of variable interest rate borrowings approximates their carrying value of such long-term debt approximates fair value subject to adjustments made for transaction cost.
- iii. The fair value of derivative financial instruments is determined based on observable market inputs including currency spot and forward rates, yield curves, currency volatility etc. These derivatives are estimated by using the pricing models, where the inputs to those models are based on readily observable market parameters basis contractual terms, period to maturity, and maturity parameters such as foreign exchange rates and volatility. These models do not contain a high level of subjectivity as the valuation techniques used do not require significant judgement, and inputs thereto are readily observable from actively quoted market prices. Management has evaluated the credit and a non-performance risk associated with the counterparties and believes them to be insignificant and not requiring any credit adjustments.

(C) Fair value hierarchy

The Company categorizes assets and liabilities measured at fair value into one of three levels depending on the ability to observe inputs employed in their measurement which are described as follows:

Particulars	As of 31 st March 2025 (-)	Fair value measurements at reporting date using		
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Assets:				
Trade Receivable	1,783.74 (2,137.63)	- (2,137.63)	- -	- -
Cash and Cash Equivalents	17.17 (357.12)	- (357.12)	- -	- -
Bank Balances	260.73 (189.75)	- (189.75)	- -	- -
Loans	17.10 (261.55)	- -	- -	- -
Investments in Quoted Equity Instruments	964.86 (1,656.93)	851.73 (1,236.17)	- -	113.13 (420.76)
Security Deposits	788.92 (760.37)	- -	- -	788.92 (7603.37)
Fixed Deposits and Margin Money	260.73 (189.75)	- -	260.73 (189.75)	- -
Liabilities :				
Loans and Borrowings	2,525.07 (5,445.70)	2,525.07 (5,445.70)	- -	- -
Trade Payables	1,536.72 (2,048.40)	1,536.72 (2,048.40)	- -	- -
Other Current Financial Liabilities	2,648.06 (1,492.97)	2,648.06 (1,492.97)	- -	- -
Derivative Instruments	-	-	-	-

Figures in round brackets () indicate figures as on March 31, 2024

During the year ended March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements. There is no transaction / balance under level 3.

The fair value of liquid mutual funds is based on quoted price.

Derivative financial instruments are valued based on quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets or inputs that are directly or indirectly observable in the marketplace. The inputs used under level II market valuation technique for forward contracts are Forward foreign currency exchange rates and Interest rates to discount future cash flow.

38. DERIVATIVES ASSETS AND LIABILITIES:

The Company follows established risk management policies, including the use of derivatives to hedge its exposure to foreign currency fluctuations on foreign currency assets / liabilities. The counter party in these derivative instruments is a bank and the Company considers the risks of non-performance by the counterparty as non-material. The following table presents the aggregate contracted principal amounts of the Company's derivative contracts outstanding:

(a) Category wise outstanding derivatives contracts entered for hedging as on 31st March 2025: Nil

(b) Unhedged Foreign Currency exposures as on March 31, 2025 are as follows: -

Nature	Currency	Amount in Foreign Currency	
		As of March 31, 2025	As of March 31, 2024
Trade Payables (Including acceptances)	USD	6.23	0.80

The foreign exchange forward and option contracts mature within twelve months. The table below analyses the derivative financial instruments into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period as of the balance sheet date:

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Not later than one month	-	-
Later than one month and not later than three months	-	-
Later than three months and not later than one year	6.23	0.80

(c) Financial risk management

Financial Risk Factors

The company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks – Market risk, Credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's focus is to foresee the unpredictability of financial markets and seek to minimise potential adverse effects on its financial performance. The primary market risk to the company is foreign exchange risk. The company uses derivative financial instruments to mitigate foreign exchange related risk exposures. The company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristic of each customer and the concentration of risk from the top few customers. The Company is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's senior management oversees the management of these risks. The risks are governed by appropriate policies and procedures and that financial risks are identified, measured and managed in accordance with the Company's policies and risk objectives. The Board of Directors reviews and approves policies for managing each of these risks, which are summarized below:



i. Market Risk

Market risk is the risk or uncertainty arising from possible market price movements resulting in fluctuation of the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument. The major components of Market risks are price risk, interest rate risk and foreign currency exchange risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk includes borrowings, investments and derivative financial instruments

ii. Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the Company's foreign currency denominated borrowing.

The Company evaluates exchange rate exposure arising from these transactions and enters into foreign currency derivative instruments to mitigate such exposure. The Company follows established risk management policies, including the use of derivatives like foreign exchange forward / option contracts to hedge forecasted cash flows denominated in foreign currency.

As per the hedging policy of the Company, all foreign currency exposures that are due in the next 12 months are either hedged or based on the technical assessment of foreign currency movement against the INR and the premium charged for the hedging, the same might be left un-hedged so as to avail maximum financial benefit to the company. The carrying amount of the Non-Derivative financial instruments in foreign currency as of the end of the reporting period is Nil (Previous year Nil)

The company is principally exposed to foreign currency risk against USD. Sensitivity of profit or loss arises mainly from USD denominated receivables and payables are as follows:

Sensitivity at year end for March 31, 2025

Particulars	Impact on profit after tax	Impact on other components of equity
Payable INR	532.84	-
Weakening of INR by 5%	26.64	-
Strengthening of INR by 5%	26.64	-

Sensitivity at year end for March 31, 2024

Particulars	Impact on profit after tax	Impact on other components of equity
Payable INR	67.08	-
Weakening of INR by 5%	3.35	-
Strengthening of INR by 5%	3.35	-

Summary of exchange difference accounted in Statement of Profit and Loss

Fluctuation	As at 31.03.2025	As at 31.03.2024
Net gain/ (losses) on Currency fluctuation shown as Other Income: Net foreign exchange	84.49	52.45

iii. Commodity price risk

The company uses scrap metals which exposes it to be price risk on account of procurement of commodities. The management monitors commodities / raw materials whose prices are volatile and suitable steps are taken accordingly to minimise the risk on the same. The company enter into contract for procurement of material, most of the transactions are short term fixed price contract and a few transactions are long term fixed price contracts.

iv. Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk primarily arises from floating rate borrowing with banks and financial institutions. As of March 31, 2025, substantially all of the Company borrowings were subject to floating interest rates, which are reset at short intervals.

v. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables). To manage this, the management has a credit policy in place and the exposure to credit risk is monitored on an on-going basis. The Company periodically assesses the financial reliability of customers, taking into account the financial condition, current economic trends and ageing of accounts receivable. Individual risk limits are set accordingly.

The Company establishes an allowance for impairment that represents its estimate of incurred losses in respect of trade and other receivables. Receivables from customers are reviewed/evaluated periodically by the management and appropriate provisions are made to the extent recovery there against has been considered to be remote.

The carrying amount of respective financial assets recognized in the financial statements, (net of impairment losses) represents the Company's maximum exposure to credit risk.

The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables). The Company generally deals with parties which have good credit rating / worthiness given by external rating agencies or based on Company's internal assessment as listed below:

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Trade Receivables	1,783.74	2,137.63

Refer note no.38(c) for credit risk and other information in respect of trade receivables

Cash and cash equivalents, investment and deposits with banks are neither past due nor impaired. Cash and cash equivalents with banks are held with reputed and credit worthy banking institutions.

vi. Counter-party risk

Counterparty risk encompasses settlement risk on derivative and money market contracts and credit risk on demand and time deposits. Settlement and credit risk is reduced by the policy of entering transactions with counterparties that are usually banks or financial institutions with acceptable credit ratings. Exposure to these risks are closely monitored and maintained within predetermined parameters. There are limits on credit exposure to any financial institution. The limits are regularly assessed and determined based upon credit analysis including financial statements and capital adequacy ratio reviews. In addition, net settlement agreements are contracted with significant counterparties.



vii. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Company will not be able to settle or meet its obligations on time or at a reasonable price. The Company is responsible for liquidity, funding as well as settlement management. In addition, processes and policies related to such risks are overseen by senior management. The Company monitors its liquidity risk and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by management to finance the Company's operations and to mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows.

The company relies on mix of borrowings, capital infusion and excess operating cash flows to meet its need for funds. The current committed limits are sufficient to meet its short and medium-term requirements. The company ensures that it does not breach any financial covenants stipulated by the lender. In the event of breach of covenants the Company may be liable to pay additional interest. The Company also ensures that it has sufficient cash on demand to meet expected operational expenses. As of March 31, 2025, the cash and cash equivalents are held with major banks.

39. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT:

The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to ensure that it maintains a healthy capital ratio in order to support its business and maximise shareholder value. The Company's objective when managing capital is to safeguard their ability to continue as a going concern so that they can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders. The Company focused on keeping strong total equity base to ensure independence, security, as well as a high financial flexibility for potential future borrowings, if required without impacting the risk profile of the Company.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. In order to achieve this overall objective, the Company's capital management, amongst other things, aims to ensure that it meets financial covenants attached to the interest-bearing and borrowings that define capital structure requirements. Breaches in meeting the financial covenants would thereby permit the banks/financial institutions to immediately call loans and borrowings. The Company has complied with these covenants and there have been no breaches in the financial covenants of any interest-bearing loans and borrowings in the current period.

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024.

The Company's audit committee reviews the capital structure of the Company on periodic basis. As part of this review, the committee considers the cost of capital and the risks associated with the same.

The company also monitors capital using gearing ratio which is net debt divided by total capital. The gearing ratios as at March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024 are as follows: (Rs. in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Borrowings	2,525.07	5,445.70
Less: Cash and Cash Equivalents	17.17	357.12
Net Debt	2,507.91	5,088.58
Total Capital	10,585.07	9,749.51
Gearing Ratio	0.24	0.52

The company also manages its capital to meet financial covenants, if any attached to the borrowings. Non-compliances may result in levy of higher rate of interest on Loans charged by the lenders. At present the company has generally been complying with the financial covenants of the borrowings during the reported period.

40. SEGMENT REPORTING:

The Company's activities during the year revolve around Steel and Steel Products. Considering the nature of Company's business and operations, as well as based on reviews of operating results by the chief operating decision maker to make decisions about resource allocation and performance measurement, there is only one reportable segment in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS - 108 – "Operating Segments", prescribed under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2016

41. COMPONENTS OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		
Re-measurement of the defined benefit plans	3.46	5.37
Total other comprehensive Income for the year	3.46	5.37

42. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURE AS IDENTIFIED BY THE MANAGEMENT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE IND AS 24 ON RELATED PARTY

Name of the Related Parties with whom transactions were carried out during the year and description of relationship:

A. Key Management Personnel & their relatives (KMP):

1. Shri. Vishal Keyal, Chairman and Managing Director
2. Shri. Ashok Bohra, Whole Time Director and CFO
3. Shri. Munuswamy Sathiyamoorthy, Director
4. Shri. Rangaswamy Ramesh, Director
5. Smt. Manju Meenakshi, Director
6. Shri. Sheshadari M Nagarajan, Director



7. Smt. Hena Singh, Company Secretary
8. Shri. Rajesh Kumar Gupta, Promoter
9. Shri. Ravi Kumar Gupta, Promoter
10. Shri. Alok Kumar Gupta, Relative of a Promoter
11. Smt. Sheril Theodore, Director (Resigned with effect from 30-09-2024)

B. Enterprise Where KMP and /or Close member of the family have significant influence or control

- 1 Indian Corporate Business Centre Limited
- 2 OPG Business Centre Private Limited
- 3 Kanishk Metal Recycling Private Limited

Description	KMP	Enterprise where KMP and /or Close member of the family have significant influence or control	Outstanding as on 31st March 2025	Outstanding as on 31st March 2024
Transactions with Related parties				
Sales:				
Indian Corporate Business Centre Limited (ICBCL)		0.48	5.01	-
		(2.20)		
Kanishk Metal Recycling Private Limited (KMRPL)		39.74	-	-
		(493.14)		
Purchase of Power:				
OPG Business Centre Private Limited (OPGBCPL)		200.92	-	72.39
		(400.40)		
Rent Paid: OPGBCPL		1.42	-	-
		(1.42)		
KMRPL		4.90	-	-
		-		
Purchase of Goods:				
Kanishk Metal Recycling Private Limited (KMRPL)		93.22	-	0.13
		(226.81)		
Import Handling Service Charges paid:				
ICBCL		111.53	-	-
		(14.14)		
Reimbursement of Expenses:				
KMRPL		21.73	-	-
		(24.02)		
OPGBCPL		0.24	-	-
		(2.43)		
Remuneration/Commission/Sitting Fees Paid:				
Shri Vishal Keyal, Chairman and Managing Director	9.00			
	(9.00)			
Shri. Ashok Bohra, Whole Time Director and CFO	22.87			
	(18.00)			

Description	KMP	Enterprise where KMP and /or Close member of the family have significant influence or control	Outstanding as on 31st March 2025	Outstanding as on 31st March 2024
Shri. Praveen Kumar Agarwal, Director	-			
	(0.11)			
Smt. Sheril Theodore, Director	0.10			
	(0.16)			
Shri. Munuswamy Sathiyamoorthy, Director	0.20			
	(0.09)			
Shri. Rangaswamy Ramesh, Director	0.20			
	(0.09)			
Shri. Manju Meenakshi	0.06			
	-			
Shri. Alok Gupta	9.00			
	-			
Shri. Ravi Kumar Gupta	9.00			
	-			
Smt. Hena Singh, Company Secretary	3.00			
	(3.00)			

Figures shown in the bracket represent the previous year i.e., 31 March 2024.

Notes :

- a) Remuneration to Key Management Personnel is ₹52.87 Lakhs
- b) Sitting Fees to Directors is ₹ 0.56 Lakhs
- c) Related Party relationship is as identified by the Company and relied upon by the Auditors.
- d) All transactions from related parties are made in ordinary course of business. For the year ended March 31 2025, the Company has not recorded any impairment of receivables relating to amounts owed by related parties. This assessment is undertaken each financial year by reviewing the financial position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates.
- e) In respect of above parties, there is no provision for doubtful debts as on March 31, 2025 and no amount has been written back or written off during the year in respect of debts due from/ to them.
- f) Previous year figures have been re-casted/re-stated wherever necessary.



43. KEY FINANCIALS RATIOS

Particulars	Numerator	Denominator	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024	Variance	Comments if variance > 25%
Current Ratio	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	1.27	1.66	20%	NA
Debt-Equity Ratio	Total Debt	Shareholders Equity	0.24	0.56	-57%	Note 1
Debt Service Coverage Ratio	Earnings available for Debt Service*	Debt Service**	0.78	0.25	217%	Note 1
Return on Equity Ratio	Net Profit after Tax	Average Shareholder's Equity	0.08	0.03	203%	Note 2
Inventory turnover ratio	Cost of Goods Sold	Average Inventory	6.55	9.23	-29%	Note 3
Trade Receivables turnover ratio	Gross Sales	Average Receivables	18.36	15.86	16%	NA
Trade payables turnover ratio	Net Purchases	Average Payables	16.35	18.24	-10%	NA
Net capital turnover ratio	Total Turnover (Income)	Working Capital	19.43	8.67	124%	Note 4
Net profit ratio	Net Profit after Tax	Total Income	0.02	0.01	240%	Note 2
Return on Capital employed	EBIT	Capital employed	0.17	0.08	100%	Note 2
Return on investment	Net gain/(loss) on sale/fair value	Average Investments	NA	NA	NA	Note 5

Notes:

1. Changes in the Debt-Equity ratio is on account of repayment of term loan.
2. Increase in Net Profit is due to profit on sale of PPE.
3. Change in Inventory turnover ratio is due to higher inventory at the end of the year.
4. Increase in Inventory and marginal reduction in Turnover resulted in lower Net capital turnover ratio.
5. Significant investments held by the company is for the compliance of Electricity Act 2002. Therefore benchmarking the return on annual basis will not reflect yield from such investments.

44. OTHER STATUTORY INFORMATION

- a. The Company does not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any Benami property.
- b. There are no transactions and / or balance outstanding with companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- c. The Company does not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.
- d. The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.
- e. The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity (ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
 - i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - ii) provided any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
- f. The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity (ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Group shall:
 - i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by, or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - ii) provided any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
- g. The Company does not any transactions which are not recorded in the books of accounts that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961)
- h. The company does not have any investments through more than two layers of investment companies as per section 2(87) (cd) and section 186 of Companies Act, 2013.
- i. The Company has not been declared as willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.
- j. The Company has entered into any scheme of arrangement which has an accounting impact on current or previous financial year.

44A - USAGE OF ACCOUNTING SOFTWARE BY THE COMPANY:

The Company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of accounts which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility of each and every transaction, creating an edit log of each change made in books of account, throughout the year as required by proviso to sub rule (1) of Rule 3 of The Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 known as The Companies (Accounts) Amendment Rules, 2021.

44B - THE PREVIOUS YEAR AMOUNTS IN FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE RECLASSIFIED FOR BETTER DISCLOSURE OF COMPARATIVE FIGURES AGAINST CURRENT YEAR FIGURES PRESENTATION AS DETAILED BELOW :

Particulars	As per audited Financial statements as on March 31, 2024	Reclassification Amount	Reclassification Amount as on March 31, 2025
Assets Classified as held for sale (under Current Assets)	14.52	(14.52)	-
Assets Classified as held for sale (Under Non Current Assets)	-	14.52	14.52
Total	14.52	-	14.52

Note: During the previous year, windmill assets amounting to ₹4,181.00 lakhs were classified as assets held for sale and presented under Current Assets. During the current year, out of these, assets amounting ₹4,166.48 lakhs have been disposed of. The balance of ₹14.52 lakhs, which is expected to be realised beyond twelve months, has been regrouped and presented under non-current assets held for sale in accordance with Ind AS 105 - Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations.

45. EARNING PER SHARE (EPS)

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Net profit/(loss) after taxes as per Statement of Profit and Loss	832.10	260.02
Less: Adjustments for the purpose of diluted earnings per share	-	-
Net profit for diluted earnings per share	832.10	260.02
Weighted average number of equity shares for basic EPS and diluted EPS (Face value Rs.10/- per share)	28,436,074	28,436,074
i) for Basic EPS		
ii) for Diluted EPS		
Earnings Per Share:	2.93	0.91
Basic and Diluted EPS (in Rs.)		

As per the report of event date annexed

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For CHATURVEDI & PARTNERS

KANISHK STEEL INDUSTRIES LIMITED

Chartered Accountants
FRN 307068E

VISHAL KEYAL

ASHOK BOHRA

Chairman & Managing Director
DIN No. 00092651

Whole-time Director & CFO
DIN No. 00187115

M MAHESWARI, FCA

Partner
M. No. 241814

Date : 28-05-2025
Place : Chennai

HENA SINGH
Company Secretary
Membership No. A26868

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Chennai - 600004.